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467 x 500 made with Remington-UMC Cartridges by A. P. Lane, 8-inch bullets at 50 yds.

CARTRIDGES

Used by leading experts for more than 40 years
WHATEVER make of pistol or revolver your expert uses, you are pretty sure to find him shooting Remington-UMC ammunition. Noted for over 40 years for sure fire, accuracy, precision.

Rim or center fire—every calibre—revolver, single shot or automatic pistol.
The alert dealer in this community sells them—the Remington-UMC dealer. You will know him by the unfailing sign of Sportsmen's Headquarters—the Red Ball Mark of Remington-UMC.

To keep your gun cleaned and lubricated right, use Rem Oil, the new powder solvent, rust preventative, and gun lubricant.

Remington Arms-Union Metallic Cartridge Co.
299 Broadway, New York

ANNOUNCEMENT PARTY GIVEN

Telephone Operator to Be Married In the Early Summer.

One of the prettiest and most unique affairs of the season is a Valentine luncheon given by Miss Gladys Gilman at her home at Livermore Falls last Saturday afternoon to announce her engagement to Mr. Allan Hyde.

Invitations in the form of white doves were sent out to 28 friends, 20 of whom were present. After several games had been played each clipped their fortunes from a line of bags which contained ingredients relative to the mottoes attached to the bags. As fast as the fortunes were clipped the mottoes were read aloud, which caused a great deal of amusement.

Music was then enjoyed, while lunch was being prepared. The guests were then escorted to the table where they found their places by means of cupid place cards. The Valentine napkins were folded in the form of envelopes, each containing a linen announcement card on which were a "gold and heart" seal and the names Gladys—Allan.

The table was very prettily decorated in red and white Valentine favors, and an arrow and heart centerpiece with asparagus fern. The following lunch was served, which was carried out in heart shapes:

Meat sandwiches in heart shapes
Club sandwiches, tied with red ribbon
Lobster hearts
Crab meat salads
Jelly tarts
Olives sweet pickles cheese
Angel hearts heart's delight
Coffee

Following lunch, arrows to which each guest's name was attached by a heart, were thrust into a beautiful heart cake with red fruit-flavored frosting and candied roses. The cake was then cut and whosever arrow was nearest to the ring or thimble accepted congratulations. Miss Esther Read got the thimble, while no one was lucky enough to get the ring. Little Miss Madeleine Gilman was then given a chance and was the lucky one.

Those present were: Misses Lona and Madeleine Gilman, Lucille Hyde, Wilma and Gladys French, Emma Baum, Esther Read, Helen Holman, Barbara Graves, Hattie Paige, Laura Nadeu, Hilda Fraser, Rena Cas-cader, Grace Chase, Lena MacRae and Mrs. Marie Nason, Shirley McKenney, Grace Becker, Alta Adkins, Marie Cloutier.

A very pleasant and jolly afternoon came to an end with congratulations and best wishes for the "bride-to-be." The wedding is to take place in the early summer.

Miss Gilman is the chief operator of the Maine Telephone and Telegraph Co., of Livermore Falls, being in the employ of the company nearly two years. Her home was formerly in Strong.

PRIOR IS ABLE HOTEL MAN

L. C. Prior who has leased the Hotel Lenox, in Boston, for a period of ten years, is well known at Bar Harbor as a capable and up-to-date hotelman. Last year he conducted the Louisburg at Bar Harbor, giving great satisfaction and he will conduct that hotel again the coming summer.

INSISTS ON RECEIVING PAPER

To the Editor of Maine Woods.

Woburn, Mass., Feb. 7, 1915.
Enclosed find payment for Maine Woods for 1915.

Having been a regular subscriber for over 30 years, you will notice I insist on receiving your valued paper as the years roll by.

Not be agile and robust as I was 30 years ago inasmuch as I am bordering on the eighty mark, your newsy paper affords me no end of pleasure and I am in hopes of being able to renew the subscription many years more.

Yours sincerely,
F. H. Parker.

AIRSHIPS HAVE FOUND US

Two Persons Think They Discov- ered Its Presence

An airship passed over Phillips last Saturday night, between four and five o'clock and was heard by at least two people. Mrs. Percy Hanson of Avon was in her hen house when she heard the throbbing of the motor, very distinctly, but as she saw no auto, she came to the conclusion that it must be an air-ship.

E. C. Wells, who works for Weston Parker, was returning home from his work at the Charles Fairbanks place and when he got to Fred Fairbank's home he heard what he took to be an automobile coming. He stopped his horses and listened, hearing the noise very plainly, but seeing nothing. When about half-way across the field he happened to look up in the air and he saw a small object about the size of an egg, falling from nowhere. He watched it and it finally settled on the ground near a small piece of woods on the land of Mr. Fairbank's. It was about the size of a man's hat when it was near the ground and looked to Mr. Wells to be a piece of paper, but of course he is not sure. At the time he saw the object first he heard the noise of the motor very plainly.

A. M. P.

USE JUST GOOD HORSE SENSE

Thinks Article Rather Narrow- minded Effusion

To the Editor of Maine Woods:

Your quoted article from the Biddeford Journal in your issue of the 4th is the most ridiculously small an narrow-minded effusion appearing since the discussion of fishing and hunting legislation began.

Fifty years ago we used to hear considerable of this kind of talk by our friends south of Mason and Dixon's Line; but it has been reserved for one of my native state to attempt to revive this spirit, which it was to be hoped for the good of, had received its quietus. He says, to quote your paper, "There are some things to which we as citizens of this state are entitled."

Of these the privileges of fishing in our own lakes and streams and hunting in our own forests without let or hindrance." This spirit, Mr. Editor, is just what has depleted the good state of Maine of so much of its game.

This is what exterminated the wild pigeons, once so numerous in the state. This is what has driven the wild geese a

(Continued on last page).

VALENTINE WHIST PARTY ENJOYED

Herbert and Berilla McKenzie gave a delightful Valentine whist party at their home last Saturday evening to a party of friends. Carnations were given, red for the boys and white for the girls. Red hearts with numbers were used for finding partners and also the places at the tables. Refreshments of ice cream, cake and coffee were served.

Those attending were the Misses Beulah Irwin, Tina Miller, Emma Russell, Gertrude Stillman, Hortense Butler, Ruth Morton, Alice Parker, Kathleen Noble, besides Misses Janet, Berilla and Sarah McKenzie; Hollis Holt, Carl Howland, Revalo Warren, W. M. Payson, Ralph Stillman, Geo. Morton, Bruce Davenport, Floyd Reed, Charlie Toothaker, Herbert McKenzie.

The guests all voted it a most delightful evening.

WILL ATTEND CONVENTION

Several Franklin County People to Be Present at Hardware Dealers' Exhibition.

Several are planning to attend The New England Hardware Dealers' Convention and Exhibition in Boston February 22, 23 and 24. Among them are Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Russell, Mr. and Mrs. M. D. Tibbetts, Rangeley; Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Parker, Phillips; Mr. and Mrs. Fred Daggett, Strong; Mr. and Mrs. Wilfred McLeary, Farmington.

The exhibition will be in the large hall in Mechanics Building and the convention sessions will be held in Paul Revere hall in the same building. Admission will be by tickets. All interested in seeing the exhibit can procure tickets at the headquarters of any hardware dealer who is a member.

The Salem Cadet orchestra and Appleton Ladies' Quartet will furnish music. The Copley Plaza Hotel is the headquarters, where Tuesday evening will occur the annual ball and Wednesday evening the annual banquet. The ladies have many special features of entertainment arranged. Tuesday afternoon ladies whist and tea party at the Copley Plaza Hotel. Wednesday afternoon will be given a theatre party at Keith's, shopping tours, etc.

CAPT. BARKER HOME AGAIN

Capt. F. C. Barker was in Phillips this week on business. The Captain is looking fine and enjoyed his Florida trip immensely. He brought his car back as far as Boston.

Capt. Barker will attend the Sportsman's Show in New York to be held at the Grand Central Palace, February 20-27.

MUST HAVE MAINE WOODS

T. R. Parker, M. D., of Willimantic, Conn., says in sending in his subscription: "Must have the Maine Woods to drive dull care away."

Tho' Jack Frost is around
And his presence we feel,
Soon Spring will be here
And the song of the reel.

To find out about it, write to
ED. GRANT & SONS CO.,
KENNEBAGO, MAINE
GRANTS' CAMPS

BALD MOUNTAIN CAMPS Bald Mountain Maine

Bald Mountain Camps are situated at the foot of Bald Mountain on Mooselookmeung Lake. Near the best fishing grounds. First class steamboat connections—Auto road to camp—Telephone connections—Two mails daily—Write for free circular.
AMOS ELLIS, Prop'r., Bald Mountain, Maine

Mountain View House Mountain View, Maine

For further particulars write or address

L. E. BOWLEY,
Mountain View, Maine.

RANGELEY LAKES AND DEAD RIVER REGION

AS A

HUNTING RESORT

This territory is unsurpassed in Maine. It is easy of access and nearly all the camps are open through the Hunting Season. Deer, Bear, Partridge, Duck and small game are very abundant.

The SANDY RIVER & RANGELEY LAKES RAILROAD

Issues a descriptive booklet of this territory, containing map of entire region, which will be furnished upon application to

F. N. BEAL, General Manager, Phillips, Maine.

Come to my house—A real home nest,
Just under Mount Bigelow's lofty crest,
My a want fishing, hunting, health and rest
Please put my statements to the test.
If you come just once, you'll find it true,
We have them all, and more, to offer you;
Now don't get worried,—You can't get "blue"
In the center of "God's own Country".

HOTEL BLANCHARD,
STRATTON MAINE. E. H. CROSE, Prop'r.

GOOD GRANGE MEETING HELD

A well attended meeting of North Franklin Grange was held Saturday afternoon, February 13, with the Worthy Master Norman E. Butler in the chair. Several topics were discussed and a question box passed. A reading by Josephine Larrabee brought down the house. Dialogue,

by Sisters Louise Berry and Eva Booker, which was much enjoyed; singing by Grange choir.

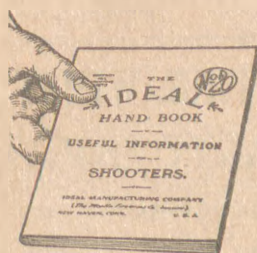
Visitors were present from the neighboring Granges. A generous treat of apples was passed by Bro. C. E. Berry.

Date of next meeting, Saturday afternoon, February 27, when the first and second degrees will be worked.

Cultivate Observation.

To behold is not necessarily to observe, and the power of comparing and combining is only to be obtained by education. It is much to be regretted that habits of exact observation are not cultivated in our schools. To this deficiency may be traced much of the fallacious reasoning and the false philosophy which prevails.—W. Humboldt.

How to Find the Best Load to use in Your Gun



In November RECREATION—Mr. William Monebak says: "To find out what your gun, be it shotgun or rifle, will do with different loads and which is the load best suited to it, for each particular need, there is no way to get at the facts except to experiment, and none so good as to load your own ammunition and try it out."

In December FIELD AND STREAM—Paul A. Curtis, Jr., says: "As all gunners know, every gun has its distinctive peculiarities, and shoots better with some loads than with others. To purchase all the various loads and sizes of shot would be well-nigh impossible, very expensive, and, moreover, take a lot of time; whereas the man who loads his shells can easily make up a few shells in various ways, and when he strikes the one that is best for his particular gun, he may perfect it at his leisure."

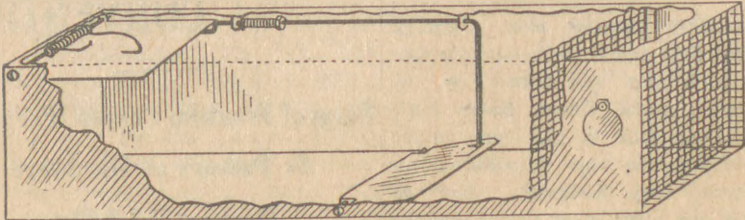
WHY DON'T YOU EXPERIMENT?—It's a mighty interesting pastime—it shows you how to get better results—and it saves you considerable money. Modern ammunition is well made, simple in construction and easy to reload. Just de-cap and re-cap shells; insert powder and bullet or powder, wads and shot; and crimp shell. YOU CAN DO IT. FREE—THE IDEAL HAND BOOK—NEW EDITION—160 PAGES—IS NOW READY. It tells all about the powders, bullets, primers, tools and methods for loading and reloading rifle, shotgun and pistol ammunition. Full of the information you need to reload YOUR shells understandingly. Free to any shooter who will send three stamps for postage. Send for your copy today!

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All the Outing News of the State of Maine. Will keep you posted on the fish and game laws and all bills and amendments before the legislature. \$1.00 a year.

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The best box trap on the market today.



Designed by an old experienced trapper, upon true scientific principles. Contains compartment for live bait. All working parts inside of trap. The trip action is adjustable to any desired tension.

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TRAPPERS SUPPLY COMPANY
BOX W, OAK PARK, ILL.

Are You Coming To Maine This Summer

Many more are coming this year than ever before.

Our Information Bureau tells you where to go and how to get there absolutely free of charge.

Write today and make sure of accommodations.

Maine Information Bureau
Phillips, - Maine

AN ARGUMENT FOR THE BUCK LAW

Essential to the Safeguarding of Human Life In the Hunting Field

SALIENT FEATURES OF BUCK LAW LEGISLATION.

1. In successful operation to-day in majority of important deer producing states.
2. Lives lost 1909-'10 in 5 states without a buck law, 40. Lives lost in 1910-'12 in 9 states with a buck law, NONE.
(Note: U. S. Bureau of Biological Survey figures. In addition to the 40 killed more than 100 were wounded.)
3. Based on the commonsense breeding principles employed by the farmer with his livestock.
4. Has increased the stock of deer in Vermont from 17 in 1878 to a number worth at present market figures more than \$1,250,000.

AN ARGUMENT FOR THE BUCK LAW.

Not one man was killed or wounded in mistake for a deer during 1910, 11 and 12 in nine states where killing does is prohibited, while in five states where bucks and does may be killed indiscriminately, in 1909 and 10 forty men were killed and more than one hundred seriously wounded.

There must be some good reason for the fact that in the majority of the states where there is deer hunting the law permits the killing of only the bucks, the does and fawns being perpetually protected. It is not customary to add restrictive measures to the laws till their necessity has been demonstrated. Legislatures do not go off at half cock in such matters. It may therefore be assumed that there is a substantial basis for the "buck law." This paper will endeavor to show the common sense reasons for its enactment.

Primarily it is a measure to safeguard human life. At the same time it is designed to insure the perpetuation of a species which not only furnishes sport to the hunter, but also provides a valuable food supply for the people of the state. It recognizes the common sense, homely principle adopted by farmers everywhere of preserving their female domestic animals for breeding stock. The farmer sells his bull calves and wether lambs and saves the heifer calves and ewes, and similarly under a buck law the buck deer are killed and the does saved so that the future of the supply will be assured.

INCREASE OF HUNTERS VS. DECREASE OF GAME.

There comes a time in the game protective history of every state when it is apparent that the game is being killed off over the greater portion of the hunting territory faster than it increases. This is the signal for new and more restrictive laws, such as prohibiting the sale of game, reducing the bag limits and shortening the open seasons.

Such time-honored methods have been of the greatest value in preserving our game, but so far as bag limits and shortened seasons are concerned there are conditions under which these restrictions are useless in the face of a tremendous increase in population.

For example, the danger to human life is greatly increased by shortening the deer season to a few days' duration in a section where great numbers of hunters are accustomed to pursue the sport. This because, in order that all may participate, a great many more are in the field in a given day, and because of the greater number out and the shorter season, more reckless shooting is indulged in to get a deer. Human life is worth more than the game, and under such conditions it is desirable rather to lengthen than to shorten the open season. There are also a growing number of instances where a bag limit of one deer only will not save the game from extermination. It is perfectly evident

then that some other method must be employed to save the seed which shall produce the next season's crop.

With deer, the law protecting all animals except those bearing horns exactly meets the situation. Where such a law is in force a longer open season can be given with the resultant advantage of less crowding in the woods at any one time and a fair bag limit can be permitted without endangering the supply.

The experience of states which have tried this law demonstrates conclusively that where there are large forest areas and efficiently enforced laws, the future of the Virginia deer in this country is assured. In states where this law has been longest in force not only has the breeding stock increased in numbers but more deer are being killed.

WHY THERE IS OPPOSITION TO THE BUCK LAW.

Why then should any one oppose the buck law? Simply for the reason that it is easier for the average man to kill does and fawns than it is to kill bucks. Consequently, the average man wants the easy method even if it does endanger the future supply. An analysis of the argument against the buck law shows that most of them lead up to this selfish basis of getting meat without reference to anything else.

It cannot be gainsaid that the argument is good so far as it goes. The buck deer has only himself to look out for and at the first intimation of the presence of a hunter in his neighborhood he gets out just as quickly as he can. The doe with a fawn, on the other hand, is influenced by her maternal instinct, and "whistles" to give warning to her unsophisticated offspring. Generally either the doe or the fawn stays around long enough to give the hunter an easy shot.

PROTECTING THE DOES PROTECT THE FAWNS ALSO.

When the still-hunting law (hounding prohibited) came into effect many more fawns were killed than before. The bucks could not be driven out so easily as with dogs, and the hunter did not want to go home without game, consequently he took what he could get. The law in New York State and in many other states permitted the killing of fawns not in the spotted or red coat. As the open season gradually came later in the year, which has been the tendency in all the Northern states, there came a time when practically none of the fawns was in the spotted or red coat, and the result was that great numbers of fawns were killed.

Ernest Johnson, manager of the Whitney Preserve, is authority for the statement that out of seventeen deer shipped from Long Lake West Station in the Adirondacks in one day, three-fourths weighed less than one hundred pounds and over half of them were fawns.

For two years, while the law permitting the killing by still-hunting of both bucks and does was in force, only one deer out of four shipped over the Adirondack Division of the New York Central railroad had horns; the others were does and fawns.

A BUCK LAW SAVES HUMAN LIFE

The old law permitting the shooting of any deer not in the spotted coat (young fawn) furnished many instances of deer being shot while carried on men's backs and while being hung up, of cattle and horses killed, and worst of all of men shot down because the hunter would not take the chance of losing a possible advantage by waiting long enough definitely to ascertain what it was he saw over the sights of his rifle.

Under the present buck law in New York State which obliges a man to

look for horns before shooting, there was no case during the last hunting season where any one was killed by being mistaken for a deer. On the other hand, there were twenty-four deaths from hunting accidents in Wisconsin, a state having no buck law.

THE DRY DOE ARGUMENT

One of the stock arguments of the opponents of the buck law is to the effect that where bucks only are killed the balance of nature is destroyed, with the result that many does are barren. Ask any stock-raiser which he would rather have, three females killed to one male, or three males killed to one female. This is not far from the actual situation in a comparison of the two methods of hunting deer. We all know what the farmer would say, and we know he would laugh if it were suggested to him that his stock would deteriorate.

The random observations of woodmen as to the number of dry does seen in the woods have little value, because from such observations it cannot be shown that the question of mating had anything to do with the result. In a dog-infested country the dogs will account for quite a few fawns each year, and foxes kill a larger number of fawns than is commonly believed. Where there are wolves, as in Michigan, it is easy to understand why does are often seen unaccompanied by a fawn. Severe winters which lessen the vitality of the does result in a shortened crop of fawns in the spring, and there are many other causes which have no relation to the question of mating. Nothing short of observations which may be checked up can reasonably be credited.

Do we find any instances where accurate observation is possible that does do not breed or that the stock deteriorates under conditions where the percentage of does is very much in excess of the bucks? So far as facts are available the reverse of the proposition is true.

In a deer park of 4,000 acres in Dutchess County, New York, where it is possible by various drives to lock over and count all the deer in the park, a ratio of about one buck to twelve does has been maintained for more than twenty years. The deer are fine specimens and the does are practically never barren.

The state of Vermont has had a buck law longer than any other state in the Union. Barren does

(Continued on page three).

MAPS OF MAINE RESORTS AND ROADS

Maine Woods has frequent inquiries for maps of the fishing regions of the state, etc. We can furnish the following maps:

Franklin County	\$.50
Somerset County	.50
Oxford County	.50
Piscataquis County	.50
Aroostook County	.50
Washington County	.50
Outing map of Maine, 20x35 in	1.00
Geological map of Maine	.75
R. R. map of Maine	.35
Androscoggin County	.25
Cumberland County	.35
Hancock County	.50
Kennebec County	.35
Knox County	.25
Lincoln and Sagadahoc Counties	.35
Penobscot County	.50
Waldo County	.25
York County	.35

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They are made for Sportsmen, Guides, Lumbermen. Known the world over for excellence. Illustrated catalogue free.

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RAW FURS WANTED

Direct from the trapper. Highest market prices with good liberal sort. Goods held separate and all charges paid.

A. J. Hopkins, Hornerstown, N. J.



Why Pay Extra for Dried-Up Tobacco?

That's what you *do* when you buy chopped-up tobacco in tins, bags or foil. Real tobacco flavor depends upon the leaf being preserved in its natural state, possible only by pressing the leaves into plug form and keeping it in by covering it with a natural leaf wrapper. The natural flavor and strength of tobacco escape when cut or granulated.

Take a Plug of Sickle that is even thoroughly dried out so that when you whittle it off it crumbles into dust, but it will burn and smoke smooth and cool as it has all of its original tobacco flavor preserved, unevaporated in Plug Form.

Whittling a pipeful is little trouble, amply repaid in both quality and quantity. Try this experiment and judge for yourself.

3 Ounces
10c

Slice it as
you use
it



AN ARGUMENT FOR THE BUCK LAW.

(Continued from page two.)

are very uncommon in that state, and far from the stock running out, the actual fact is shown from a series of carefully taken records that the Vermont deer are the heaviest of any killed in the United States.

The deer are very much like sheep in their habits of mating. Every farmer knows that ewes will wander a considerable distance and return with lambs. A writer tells of a pet doe fawn which on reaching the breeding age wandered off in a country where it was asserted there was not a wild deer within thirty miles. After her return the doe had a fawn.

There is no section of the woods where ordinary legitimate hunting will kill off all the bucks. The better specimens commonly develop great cunning, and the fact that they are so well able to take care

of themselves is in reality the chief cause for opposition to the buck law. Thinning out the bucks, instead of causing the deer stock to deteriorate, always results in material improvement.

THE ONE-DEER COMPROMISE

The opponents of the buck law always wind up with the proposal of a compromise which will permit the killing of one deer only, without reference to sex. For practical purposes this means a doe and fawn law, and the old condition of affairs resulting.

In 1911, the last year during which both bucks and does were permitted to be killed in New York, there were 1,917 deer shipped by railroads from the Adirondacks section. In 1914, under a buck law, there were something over 1,500 deer shipped by the railroads. And the Brown's Tract Guides' Association estimates that owing to the increased use of the automobile and the opening of new roads into the southwestern Adirondacks, twice as many deer were carried out in 1914 as in 1913.

All the big cities of central New York now send hundreds of sportsmen each year into the Adirondacks by automobile, and parties come in the same way from New York City and even from neighboring states, and the deer are carried out in this way, so that there is no longer any method of getting an accurate record of the number of deer transported, such as was possible a few years ago when deer which were shipped out were invariably sent by the railroad.

The very large population living in and around the woods also averages more deer than a few years ago. A record kept for a small section in Essex County during the last hunting season showed something over fifty bucks killed in the Euba Mills section not one of which was shipped by rail. Consequently, while before the advent of the automobile the total number of deer killed was probably not more than three to five times the number shipped by rail, to-day it is likely that ten times the number of deer are killed as are shown in the records of the express companies.

The figures which apply in New York State are applicable in greater or lesser degree to most of the other Northern states, and it is probably a fact that there is no state in the country to-day not having a buck law which is not killing off its deer supply faster than it is being bred.

A STATE WARDEN WHO WANTS A BUCK LAW.

The current report of the Michigan Game Commission recommends a buck law. State Warden Oates says, "It is safe to say that for every deer killed in the lower pen-

insula in 1913 there were twenty hunters in the woods armed with high-power rifles, many of them nervously expectant and on the quiver to shoot at anything which showed animation, with little thought that the agency of such animation might be a human being.

"It is quite evident that the scarcity of deer and the anxiety to be one of those that do not return empty-handed increases the menace of this horde of riflemen to the individual hunter.

"There is little doubt that with killing restricted to male deer with horns, opportunity of securing venison will sometimes be lost in the momentary 'hesitation' which will come, even to the lawless hunter who expects to shoot regardless of sex, on sight of the undetermined deer. That this chance for loss is of small moment compared with the feeling of security which the hunter will enjoy in his recreation in the woods is apparent."

Mr. Oates also prints data collected by the Biological Survey at Washington, D. C., showing that not one man was killed or wounded in mistake for a deer during 1910, 1911 and 1912 in nine states where the killing of does is prohibited, while in five states where bucks and does may be killed indiscriminately, in 1909 and 1910 forty men were killed and more than one hundred seriously wounded.

EVIDENCE FROM A STATE WHICH HAS A BUCK LAW.

Forty years ago, as a result of persistent hunting the deer were exterminated in the state of Vermont. In 1878 twenty sportsmen raised a fund and purchased from the Adirondack section of New York seventeen deer which were released in Rutland and Bennington Counties and protected by a closed season which continued for nineteen years. In 1897 an open season was again given, and has been continued each year since that time. During the eighteen years which have since elapsed bucks only have been killed, with the exception of the years 1909 and 1910 when an open season for does also was granted. This open season in 1909-10 was given solely for the reason that deer had become too plentiful and it was deemed wise to reduce their numbers.

During these eighteen years official figures show that 23,265 deer have been killed by sportsmen. During the first half of the period, or from 1897 to 1905 inclusive, 2,855 deer were killed. During the second half 20,410 deer were killed, an increase of over 800 per cent. These figures prove conclusively just what the Shiras table, shortly to be given, shows, that under a buck law the deer increase in the woods at the same time that greater numbers are being taken by the hunters. The statement seems paradoxical, but there can be no denying the figures.

It is interesting to note also that during the first four years of the open season, or from 1897 to 1900 inclusive only 460 deer were killed, an average of 115 deer per year. This was the best that could be done after a nineteen-year close season. During the last six years the number taken averaged 2,763 deer per year. The great increase in Vermont deer therefore has taken place not under the protection afforded by a closed season, but under the buck law.

Vermont, as stated before, is the state which has given the buck law the longest test. It is the only state in the Union to-day which complains with reason of having too many deer. In proportion to its hunting area more deer are killed under a buck law than in any other state under any kind of law. The deer are also the heaviest and finest specimens of the Virginia deer to be found in the United States. Hunting accidents are characteristically infrequent and the kind of accidents in which a man is shot at by mistake for a deer are almost unknown.

ANSWERING OTHER OBJECTION

The buck law is commonly drawn to prohibit the killing of all deer which have not horns three inches or more in length. This is a common-sense provision. Every yearling buck, unless because of some injury, has horns more than three inches in length. On the other hand, buck fawns late in the season have slight protuberances on



HON. BLAINE S. VILES, MEMBER MAINE FISH & GAME COM.

their heads which might possibly be classified as horns. It is desirable to protect these fawns until they have reached the breeding age, just as it is desirable to protect immature trout until they have had an opportunity to reproduce. Moreover if sex were made the requirement the law would be impractical because every year a small number of horned does are killed and it would not be fair to penalize the man who used the best visible evidence available in selecting his deer.

It must be admitted that does are occasionally shot accidentally by honest sportsmen in states having buck laws, but the number is not nearly so large as the opponents to the law would have us believe. Not long ago a newspaper printed a statement in which a certain sportsman was credited with saying he had seen twenty dead does which had been left in the woods to rot in the southern Adirondacks, in defiance of the buck law. The writer of this article wired the editor of the paper that he would pay a substantial reward to any worthy clarity which might be designated if the man who made the statement would substantiate it. In reply he received a letter to the effect that the information was hearsay and that the man who made it had not himself seen any dead does in the woods.

HUNTING BUCKS IS BETTER SPORTSMANSHIP.

We are all familiar with the expression of disgust with which good sportsmen talk of killing game too easily. "I would just as soon go into a barnyard and shoot a cow," says one man when speaking of killing does. But the buck deer is one of the finest trophies of the woods when secured. The man who can go into the woods and outwit him and bring him to bag may well feel proud of his skill.

FIGURES THAT DO NOT LIE

Even the opponents of the buck law in New York admit the tremendous increase of deer which has occurred during the three years it has been in operation. Vermont would have no more deer to-day than it had in 1875 were it not for the protection of does. George Shiras, 3d, the famous big game hunter, photographer and naturalist, with the assistance of Dr. Fisher and Professor Beal of the Biological Survey at Washington, recently prepared a table which shows that with a buck law good shooting is afforded and the supply of deer increased under exactly similar conditions which spell extermination with the other law.

For the purposes of the comparison it was assumed that a breeding stock of 24 bucks and 24 does, age two years, were available and that the increase annually thereafter was one and a half fawns per pair. The ratio would not of course be affected if a lesser or greater number were taken as the original stock or increase.

Under the same conditions, assuming that fifty per cent of bucks only were killed, at the end of the ten-year period 781 bucks would have been bagged and there would remain a breeding herd of 781 bucks and 1,562 does, or a total of 2,343 live deer in the woods. If seventy-five per cent of the bucks were killed the hunters would have secured 1,170 bucks and there would be left a breeding stock of 1,952 deer.

"That there are more bucks in the forest for hunters to shoot shortly after the adoption of the new law," says Mr. Shiras, "than does and bucks combined under the other law, ought to satisfy even the selfish class who have no regard for the rights of future generations, or the efforts now being made to prevent the extermination of wild game."

HOW THE BUCK LAW SAVES

HUMAN LIFE.

A Case In Point

At the time the buck law was first agitated in New York, a Utica sportsman who was strong in the censure of such a measure went hunting with his son in the Adirondacks. They hunted for several days unsuccessfully, and each night when they came into camp the son explained to the father that he had jumped deer but did not fire because he was afraid he might kill some farmer's stock or another man. The last day in camp the father told the son that they must get a deer, and advised him to shoot at anything that moved which looked like the game they were after.

There had been a light fall of snow during the night and along about noon the father, who was hunting separately from the son, saw a convenient log upon which to rest, and taking out his pocket handkerchief proceeded to dust the snow from the log. He whisked the handkerchief backward and forward three times, and each time he did this a bullet whistled by him in close proximity. Then he realized that someone had mistaken the handkerchief for a deer's tail, and called out, to find that it was his son who had been shooting at him.

That man became an advocate of the buck law on the spot, because he knew if his son had "looked for the horns," as a buck law would have compelled him to, the son wouldn't have shot at the handkerchief. Comment concerning the heinous instructions he had given which caused the shooting is unnecessary.

The above article is by Hon. John B. Burnham of New York, President of the American Game Protective Association, and is the advance sheets prepared for the April number of Recreation, and it is through the courtesy of Mr. Burnham and the editor, Mr. Edward Cave, that we are able to publish this interesting article for our Sportsman's Show number, which we are sure will be read with interest by thousands of readers who will see this number.

RAW FURS

Highest prices paid for all kinds of skins by a manufacturer

A. WEIBEL,
476 Fulton St., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

SANDY RIVER & RANGELEY LAKES RAILROAD TIME TABLE

In Effect, December 14th, 1914.

FARMINGTON Passenger Trains leave Farmington for Phillips, Rangeley, and Kingfield, at 6.15 P. M., and for Phillips at 12.07 P. M. Passenger trains arrive from Phillips at 6.55 A. M., and from Rangeley, Phillips and Bigelow at 2.10 P. M.

MIXED TRAIN arrives at 9.35 A. M. and leaves at 11.00 A. M.

STRONG PASSENGER TRAINS leave for Farmington, at 6.23 A. M. and 1.37 P. M. For Phillips at 12.37 P. M., and for Phillips and Rangeley at 5.47 P. M. and for Kingfield at 5.50 P. M.

Passenger trains arrive from Farmington at 11.55 P. M. and 5.47 P. M. From Bigelow at 1.25 P. M.

MIXED TRAIN arrives from Phillips at 8.45 A. M. and from Bigelow at 2.10 P. M., and from Farmington at 11.45 A. M. Leaves for Phillips at 1.40 P. M. and for Farmington at 5.45 A. M.

PHILLIPS PASSENGER TRAINS leave for Farmington at 6.00 A. M. and 1.15 P. M. For Rangeley at 6.15 P. M.

Passenger trains arrive from Farmington at 11.55 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. From Rangeley at 12.20 P. M.

MIXED TRAIN leaves for Farmington at 7.30 A. M. Rangeley 2.20 P. M. and arrives from Farmington at 2.15 P. M. Rangeley 10.15 A. M.

RANGELEY PASSENGER TRAINS leave for Farmington at 10.40 A. M. and arrives at 8.00 P. M.

MIXED TRAIN arrives from Phillips at 8.45 P. M. and leaves at 7.30 A. M.

SALEM PASSENGER TRAIN leaves at 1.00 P. M. for Farmington and arrives at 6.16 P. M.

KINGFIELD PASSENGER TRAIN leaves for Bigelow at 9.00 A. M. and 6.38 P. M. For Farmington at 12.40 P. M.

BIGLOW PASSENGER TRAIN leaves for Farmington at 10.50 A. M. Arrives from Kingfield at 10.00 A. M.

F. N. BEAL, Gen'l Manager,
Phillips, Maine.

CLASSIFIED

Don't put a word in advance. No headline or other display. Subjects in a, b, c, order

FOR SALE—Two handsome thoroughbred, rose combed white Wyandotte cockerels, weighing nine and ten pounds. Will make price right. L. C. Phillips. Phillips, R. F. D.

WANTED—A capable, trustworthy boy or an elderly man to do chores. Five head of cattle and horses. A good job for the right party. Albert E. Kempton, Phillips, Farmers' Union.

FOR SALE—A dandy little launch fitted for sail or power—with full equipment, ready for water. Price and full description can be ascertained by addressing, W. H. Johnson, Belgrade, Maine.

PRICE of shovel handle blocks, winter and spring 1915, X X blocks, 44 cents; X blocks, 60 cents; No. 3 blocks, 24 cents per dozen. Ames Steel & Tool Co., D. G. Bean agent, Bingham, Me.

After February 2nd, Mrs. F. H. Richardson of Phillips will carry Grand Union Tea Co. merchandise in her home. Tel. No. 33-11, Farmers' Line. All tickets which former customers have on hand will be exchanged and we hope to have patronage of all our customers as in the past.

FOR SALE—Remington Ten type-writer, almost new. Cash or easy terms. J. F. Long, 104 Exchange Street, Portland, Me.

FOR SALE—Wood saw outfits: 3 H. P. complete \$85; 4½ H. P. \$110; 5 H. P. \$125; 6 H. P. \$150. Guaranteed for five years. 28 inch saw \$5.00. Other sizes in proportion. Thirty days free trial. Thorndike Machine Co., Portland, Maine.

A competent housekeeper wishes to do general housework in a small family. Has a boy, 13 years old whom she wishes to take with her. Send answers to Mrs. George Allen, Wilton, Maine.

WANTED—A housekeeper. For further information write to Box 67, Eustis, Maine.

Best Way to Keep Apples.

The best vessels in which to keep apples are crates or baskets that permit ventilation, and also permit handling the fruit to prevent bruising. When it commences to reach its full stage of ripening it is well to sort it occasionally, and remove and use any that are commencing to decay, or that are becoming soft or overripe. Firm specimens can be wrapped in pieces of ordinary newspaper and put in ventilated crates, baskets or barrels in a cool place, and there kept for a longer time than when not so wrapped.

FOXES WANTED

Alive, unhurt, all kinds, old or young. Also mink, marten and fisher. Will handle above named animals at all times of year. Write or wire what you have to offer, stating lowest price. Fur farmers wanting stock should write me for prices and information before buying. M. F. STEVENS, Dover, Maine. Tel. 64,15

WE GUARANTEE TO INCREASE YOUR CATCH OF RAW FURS IF OUR BAITS ARE USED. With each bottle we give a written guarantee, and if not satisfied your money will be returned. We must please you or lose money. 3000 BOTTLES HAVE ALREADY BEEN SOLD AND NOT ONE TRAPPER HAS ASKED FOR HIS MONEY BACK.

ANIMAL ATTRACTOR will lure all flesh eating animals such as the raccoon, mink, skunk, civet, ermine, wolf, fox, lynx, opossum, marten, etc. Price (100-150 sets) \$1.00 postpaid.

MUSKRAT ATTRACTOR For luring muskrats only. Price (100-150 sets) \$1.00 postpaid.

BEAVER ATTRACTOR For luring beaver only. Price (100-150 sets) \$1.00 postpaid.

TRAIL SCENT For making trails to and from sets. Very powerful odor. Economical to use. Price \$1.00 postpaid.

3 Bottles \$2.50 6 Bottles \$5.00
DON'T WASTE YOUR TIME AND MONEY WITH BAITS THAT MAY OR MAY NOT BE GOOD. USE ATTRACTORS AND BE SURE OF RESULTS—AN INCREASED CATCH.

Animal Attractor Company, Stanwood, Iowa, Box M.

SUPERINTENDENT
AT NEW JERSEYWar Bringing Great Sorrow to
Well Known Summer Guests.

Mrs. Annie T. Hayford of Oquosoc, who is spending the winter with her son, Charles O. Hayford at Hackettstown, N. J., writes:

"Mr. and Mrs. Norman Walker, of Orange, N. J., are, like many others in this country, personally interested in the European war. All of Mr. Walker's male relatives are either fighting with the allies, or helping to guard their foreign possessions. Only a few weeks ago they received word that his sister's only son had been killed in battle in France.

The Walkers are among our best known guests at the Lakes, having been guests at Pleasant Island for many seasons.

The poor boy was only twenty-one years old. Is it not sad? I am so afraid that we will get into something, either the European or Mexican war that I don't dare think about it.

We are so near New York City that we have a good chance to know considerable of the suffering there. To-day is "Bundle Day" there; and Charles' wife and I worked all the week to get a bundle ready to send. Mayor Mitchell appointed the day and all the best-known society ladies are working—really and truly working. The suffering and destitution is terrible—worse than ever before.

One of the local merchants here, who was in town the other day, told Charles that he saw the Bread Line and that he never witnessed anything like it before. And he has always lived here and thought he knew something of the city poor."

Mrs. Hayford's son Charles, is superintendent of the New Jersey hatchery which is located at Hackettstown, N. J., and Mr. Ernest Napier is president. We have understood from several sources that his services are much valued there. Mr. Hayford was formerly the efficient superintendent of the Oquosoc hatchery, and was always found to be painstaking and trustworthy in that position.

We are hoping a little later to publish quite an extended account of the work at the former hatchery and present a few photographs also, through the courtesy of Mr. Hayford.

STRATTON

Feb 15.

Colds are prevalent in town. Mrs. Frank Vaughan is recovering from her recent serious illness.

Henry Hewett passed away at his home in this village February 6th after a short illness, although he had been in failing health for two years. His wife died ten years ago. He leaves four children, Mrs. Mae Eames of Flagstaff, Mrs. Grant Fuller, Miss Evelyn Hewett, and Herbert Hewett of Stratton.

The Senior class of High school held a Valentine dance in Landers' Hall Friday evening for the benefit of the class on their vacation trip. About \$30 were netted.

Mrs. Laura Lee had the misfortune to fall and fracture her wrist about three weeks ago but she has so far recovered as to be out doors. Mrs. Agnes Durrell is in the Central Telephone office during Mrs. Lee's absence.

G. D. Smith has been in town several weeks teaching writing in the schools.

Mr. Chase has been keeping a dancing school in Landers' Hall; also giving private lessons.

There have been no services for several Sundays. They are remodeling the interior of the church and putting up a steel ceiling.

Rev. Mr. Gilpatrick has returned from a vacation in Massachusetts.

Mrs. Ella Blanchard has purchased a new organ for the church.

Mrs. Ray Lisherness is in Kingfield caring for Mrs. Earl Davidson.

L. T. Hinds has finished hauling logs.

Daily Thought.

Nature has perfections in order to show that she is the image of God; and defects, in order to show that she is only his image.—Pascal.

LET EACH COUNTY
MAKE ITS LAWSSome Opinions of a Hancock County
Camp Proprietor

Alligator Lake Camps,
Great Pond, Me.,
Jan. 30, 1915.

To the Editor of Maine Woods:

I have been in the guide business over 38 years and have seen many changes in the game laws. Some I think have been for the good and some for the bad. Now the coming legislature is talking of a close time on moose for a period of five years. Now I think that is too long a time; two years are enough I think.

The scarcity of moose is due to not killing small bulls. They are killed just the same and left where they are killed, that is my opinion, and they keep on killing until they are lucky enough to get one that will stand the law. Now if they were allowed to keep the small ones it would satisfy any true sportsman. The calling of moose ought to be stopped for this reason. Nearly, if not all, the calling is done in the night and one cannot tell whether a moose's horns are three inches long or less, so they take their chances and kill, to find their mistake after the moose is dead. Now if the hunter was allowed to have that small bull perhaps that would prevent him from killing another, and it has been told to me by experienced callers that small bulls will come to a call quicker than an old one.

I was reading an article in the Maine Woods by Mr. Herriek, who is in favor of shortening the open season on big game the last two weeks in December. I think if the season is to be shortened, take off the two first weeks in October as the weather is warm and the farmer who pays the bulk of the tax don't want to kill his deer until into December when the weather is cold and he can save his game.

In Hancock county where I reside we don't get any hunting on snow until about December so, if they shorten the two weeks in December it would give the people near the sea coast a slim chance to secure their game. I think every county should make its own game laws.

Now about the non-residents' license. I think if there was no license at all and if a non-resident killed a deer to take out of the state, make him pay \$5.00 or \$10.00 for each deer taken out and if he refused to pay that, take his game and fine him \$25.00 and costs. This making a man pay for something he doesn't get is where the shoe pinches is my opinion.

In another article written by a former guide saying there were more moose and deer killed by jacking than any other way, I will agree with him on that point. I don't pretend to know it all, only giving my opinions.

Sincerely yours,
John F. Haynes.

Sapient Tommy.

"Now, Tommy," said the teacher, "when water is transformed into ice what great change takes place?" "The change in price," replied Tommy.

NYOIL
FOR
GUNS AND
FISH-RODS

William F. Nye is the greatest authority on refined oils in the world. He was the first bottler; has the largest business and NYOIL is the best oil he has ever made.

**NYOIL
HAS NO EQUAL.**

Beware of scented mixtures called oil. Use NYOIL on everything where a light oil is needed. It prevents rust and gives perfect lubrication.

Sportsmen, use it liberally on your firearms and your rod. You will find it by far the best. Hardware and sporting goods dealers sell it in large bottles (cheaper to buy) at 25 c. and in trial sizes at 10 c. Made by

**WM. F. NYE,
New Bedford, Mass.**

ATTENTION HOTEL
AND CAMP MENOne of the Best of Opportunities to
Advertise Your Business.

We are receiving orders every day for advertising in our Sportsman's Show number to be distributed in New York February 20-27 at the "old fashioned" Sportsman's Show to be held there.

The following are the orders received to date:

Maine Central Railroad,
Sandy River & Rangeley Lakes Railroad,

J. J. Pooler, Falmouth Hotel,
Capt. F. C. Barker,

Powell & Clement,
William N. Gokey Shoe Co.,

H. E. Pickford, Pickford's Camps,
Winchester Repeating Arms Co.,

Robert Walker, Trout Brook Camps,
W. A. Davis, Katahdin View Camps,

C. A. Cole, Mingo Springs Hotel and Camps,

L. L. Bean, Freeport, Maine.

Walter J. Swett, Lapompeog Camps,
Ox Bow, Me.

Mrs. F. B. Burns, Mooselookmeguntic House, Haines Landing.

R. B. Taylor, West Carry Lake Camps, Dead River.

A. E. Durgin, Lake Moxie.

Joseph H. White, Blakeslee Lake Camps, Eustis.

H. W. Maxfield, Rowe Pond Camps, Rowe Pond.

B. E. Brown, Brown's Camps, Kezar Lake,

F. L. Blinn, Hotel Eagle, Brunswick,

N. H. Ellis, Rangeley Tavern,
M. L. Getchell Co., Monmouth,

L. E. Bowley, Mountain View House,
Ed Grant & Sons Co., Kennebago,

Me.,
Geo. Burtis, Worcester, Mass.,

Redington & Co., Waterville, camp and home furnishings,

H. C. Chapman Hotel Co., Bangor House,

G. S. McKenney, Caratunk,
B. H. Clark, Lincoln Centre.

Weston U. Toothaker, Pleasant Island Camps,

H. M. Pierce, King & Bartlett,
Dr. and Mrs. D. H. Lloyd, Pleasant

View House, Raymond,
Mrs. Alonzo Sylvester, Hillcrest, Farmington,

Log Cabin for sale, J. B. Carville and Ed Grose,

Amos Ellis, Bald Mountain Camps, Rangeley,

M. M. Tarr, Exchange Hotel, Farmington,

Island Inn, Skowhegan, Me.,

Furnished Bungalow for sale, Ruel E. Holden, Caratunk,
Capt. E. F. Coburn, Lakewood Camps, Middledam, Me.,
Kennebago Hotel Co., Kennebago Me.

He Ought to Know.

Lady—I should like to look at a flat which I see is for rent in this building, but no one has answered my bell.

Man—I'll show it to you. Right this way, mum.

"Well, this is something like it. The rooms will suit, I'm sure. What sort of a janitor have they here?"

"The very best in the city, mum."

"Obliging?"

"The kindest-hearted gentleman to be found anywhere, mum."

"Honest?"

"As the day is long, mum."

"Is he attentive to his duties?"

"He's just working himself to death, mum. Always thinkin' up some new thing to make folks comfortable."

"Well, I declare! I wouldn't lose this flat for the world. Where is the janitor now?"

"I'm him, mum."

Talented Youth.

"My oldest son," said Mrs. Twickembury, "speaks several languages quite fluently."—Christian Register.

LEGISLATIVE NOTICES

COMMITTEE HEARINGS

The Committee on Inland Fisheries and Game will give a public hearing in its room at the State House, in Augusta, on

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 24, at 2 P. M., on No. 13. An Act to extend the open season for fly fishing in the pool at Upper Dam, and in the river from said pool to Lake Mollychunkamunk, from September 15th to October 1st of each year, with a petition of John S. Doane and 27 others for same.

No. 28. Petition of Alvah Coolidge and 11 others, residents of Upton and vicinity, relating to fishing in Dead Cambridge river and other waters in Oxford county.

No. 31. Petition of E. M. Grant and 15 others, residents of Oxford county, asking for additional restrictions upon fishing in Mettalluc Brook, a tributary to Upper Richardson Lake.

No. 32. Petition of A. S. Thompson of Jay, and 64 others, asking for additional regulations upon fishing in waters in Jay and Chesterville, in Franklin County, and in Fayette, Kennebec county.

No. 38. An Act to amend Chapter thirty-two of the Revised Statutes as amended by Chapter two hundred and six of the Public Laws of 1913, relating to fishing in Great, Long, East, North, Ellis, McGraw and Snow ponds, in Kennebec and Somerset counties.

Nos. 43 and 44. An Act to make closed season on trout and on salmon from Sept. 30th to May 31st in the lakes and ponds in Oxbow, Bowman, Farmachenee, Lynch and Parker towns, so-called, and in Lincoln and Magalloway Plan's, in Oxford county, and to make a closed time for said fish in all streams and rivers in the above named townships from September 15th to May 31st, and to permit only fly fishing in said townships, also to prohibit the carrying away or transportation of fish taken in the above named waters except from the place where caught to a camp, lodge, dwelling house or hotel in the above named townships.

No. 51. Petition of A. W. Walker and 18 others, citizens of Oxford county, asking for additional restrictions upon fishing in Shagw, Abbott and Little Concord Ponds, in the towns of Woodstock and Sumner, Oxford county.

No. 79. Petition of E. F. Coburn and 18 others, requesting that the pond in Rapid river be opened to bait fishing until October 1st of each year.

No. 80. Petition of E. F. Coburn and 18 others requesting that Rapid river, connecting the Richardson Lakes with Umbagog Lake, be opened to fly fishing from September 15th to October 1st of each year.

Assigned for hearing Feb. 25, 1915, at 2 p. m. An Act regulating hours of employment and relating to conductors and motormen.

MAINE WOODS

Conducts a first class job printing department which specializes on Camp and Hotel work

**Why not let us help
you with your
advertising?**

We design and print Books, Leaflets Folders, etc., and would be pleased to furnish samples, dummies and prices on request.

**J. W. BRACKETT CO.,
PHILLIPS, MAINE**

Fly Rod's Note Book

By Fly Rod

St. Anthony's Cottage,
Phillips, Me.,
Feb. 17, 1915.

There are many odd corners in Maine, a state which is noted for its fishing and hunting, its grand mountain and lake scenery in the interior, its miles of sea coast, along which are thousands of islands, gems of the sea.

Year by year the number of persons who come here in summer, has increased, yet we still have over 20,000 square miles of wilderness, where one can travel for days in an unbroken forest, where roam the moose and deer.

There are yet hundreds of lakes and ponds where the trout and salmon have never been tempted by the inviting fly cast by the angler to deceive them.

It was only a few years ago that the Rangeleys and the Dead River region were known to but few, and spoken of as a long journey over miles of country roads, across trails and lakes, but now this wonderful and most beautiful country is reached by only a few hours' travel from New York and Boston in a Pullman car.

Along the shores of the lakes into the wilds of Maine, our enterprising railroad men have laid the iron track, and the smoke from the rushing train can daily be seen as it circles high above the pine and spruce trees on the mountain side and along the lake shore.

Known the wide world over is the Rangeleys with the best hotels and camps in the country where are accommodated the continual increasing thousands of summer people, who are welcomed annually.

This and the Dead River country are regions where life in a log cabin is what brings many of the wealthy and best known people in our land, statesmen, authors and professional men and their families.

There is a great fascination to log cabin life where one finds every comfort and many of the luxuries of their city homes, for the cabins now all contain a bath room, while there is a big open fireplace in the living room and a broad piazza in front of the camp; yet here a party are "at home" in the quiet of the wilderness, where each breeze from over the water comes laden with the health giving ozone of pine and spruce.

We are proud of our hotels, for there are none in New England to surpass them, and the novelty of camp life, which was first made popular by Capt. Fred C. Barker.

Standing on the wharf at Haines Landing one day last September, a party who was enjoying the autumn days in one of the camps there said: "It is strange not more is said about this ideal way of passing vaca-

tion days. Few of the people who leave the city for the summer know what it means to enjoy living in a cabin as we have, with home life and none of the cares. Why, all we have to do is walk across the lawn to the hotel for our meals, and when we go back the camp is in order, and the big wood box filled."

We spent the next hour talking with friends and using our Note Book. There were the motor boats coming and going in all directions over the lake. Capt. Barker came in with the steamboat and a big party drove over the carry, who were enroute for the trip through the chain of lakes, some to go home via the White Mountains, others via Quebec.

The Birches, where on the island, a hundred from different cities, were enjoying cabin life, each family in their own camp could be plainly seen five miles away, when the boat would stop on its way to Upper Dam, where a change would be made for Middle Dam, and at each hotel are also camps. The flag was flying at "The Barker" close by, and Bald Mountain Camps, which have this spring been rebuilt.

The little steamer Cusuptic came down from Pleasant Island Camps, and a number of private boats from the Oquossoc Angling Association could be seen as they were rowed over the lake.

A handsome span of horses driven across from Mountain View brought a merry party, who had engaged the motor boat "Junior" for a day's picnic up the Cusuptic.

"You perhaps can tell me" whose camps those are where the flags are out," asked one pointing up the lake, in the direction of the handsome log camp of Mr. Garrett Hobert, son of the late Vice President, where the family were passing autumn days.

Just beyond on a big rock the red roof of Camp Frye can be plainly seen. This cabin was built in 1875 by Maine's much honored United States Senator Wm. P. Frye and called "Saint's Rest." It is now the summer home of his daughter, Mrs. Briggs, whose husband is the present U. S. Court Marshal, F. H. Briggs of Washington, D. C.

It was only a short distance from the rock the Senator, who was a skillful and devoted fly caster, made the world's record in bringing to net the largest square-tailed speckled trout ever taken on a fly.

Written in a plain clear hand, can still plainly be read the following inscription on one of the doors of the living room, which is this:

"Monday, May 26, 1892, Senator Frye took with a Brown Hackle, a few rods from camp the largest trout ever taken on a fly; weight, 10 pounds; girth, 17 inches; length, 27-

1-2 inches." That was almost a quarter of a century ago, and remains the world's record for trout caught on the fly.

On the same door are names of guests entertained including those of Senator Platt of Connecticut, Senator Chandler of New Hampshire, Senator and Mrs. Hale of Maine, General F. D. Sewell of Bath, a great friend of Senator Frye, and an annual fishing companion.

One autumn day Mrs. Frye, who was much loved and honored by all who knew her, whose welcome for the guests was genuine and true, and whose memory will always be sacred and true, wrote the following lines where friends had placed their names:

"Once more the door stands open,
The fire burns on the hearth;
Once more within our cabin
Voices are heard, and mirth.
The old rock rests as firmly,
The waters round it flow,
As on creation's morning
Thousands of years ago.

Once more the autumn colors
Are painted on the trees;
The ripened leaves are falling,
Stirred by the gentle breeze.
Through atmosphere so hazy,
The mountains peep to view,
And there the clouds uplifting
Reveal the sky so blue.

Sitting within our cabin
Standing on rock so gray.
Viewing the lake in storm's rage
In quiet, gentle play,
Surrounded by such beauty,
To Thee our hearts we raise;
Thy works are full of wonders;
We give to Thee all praise.

The smoke of the train can be seen and echo of the whistle heard, as now during the summer season two daily trains, with Pullman car, mail and express, go through the wilderness beyond Oquossoc to Kennebago Lake, only a few miles from the Canadian border.

There are fine public log camps at each end of the lake, and it is on a point of land commanding a grand view for miles beyond, that Mr. Eugene Atwood of Stonington, Conn., recently built "Forestholme," the most complete and beautiful log camp in Maine. It is so well built, warmed with steam, and big open fireplaces, lighted with gas and has all modern improvements of a city home, that only a few days ago a special train with Pullman from Rumford took Mr. and Mrs. Atwood, and the following party of guests to Kennebago; Mr. and Mrs. Hartman of Philadelphia, Mr. and Mrs. I. A. Atwood of Newton, Mass., Mr. and Mrs. Bradley, Mr. and Mrs. Benj. Cutler and little son Benj., of Stonington, Conn. Never did a happier company go into the very heart of our Maine wilderness for a midwinter outing, than drove to the music of "those jolly sleigh bells" to camp from Kennebago station. The days were far too short for the novelty of snow shoeing and other winter sports, and it was fun to watch the thermometer register 20 and 30 degrees below zero.

Mr. and Mrs. Atwood entertain their friends royally, and never have the stars and stripes looked more beautiful than when with the snow covered hills for a background, they waved to announce these charming people were "at home" at "Forestholme" in mid-winter.

Why not have Maine as popular for a winter resort as for a summer one? We have every attraction to offer and I predict not many years will pass before thousands will come to this most charming but wonderfully beautiful land of ice and snow in winter time. I claim that the ladies would quickly learn the art of snow shoeing, as well as dressing for life in winter, in our cold climate and that they would be fascinated with the life too.

The wonderful skill which many women show with little practice with rod and rifle; the keen enjoyment they have in coming into our wilderness, where they always find good

health, awaits them; where they soon forget the gay society life for the real happiness, prove they make good companions. It used to be thought out of place for a woman to join a party going off with guides for a few days or weeks, but now more parties have women than go without them.

True, one sometimes finds a poor, silly creature who, if she goes at all, is sure to cover her face with a veil, have her gloves always on, and who seems to demand the help, and attention of all in the party to help her over every log, or to get into or out of a boat; who is, or thinks she is afraid of the rifle, and who cannot understand "how you can take that horrid, nasty fish off the hook."

I shall never forget being in camp a few years ago, where so much powder was used by one of the women, that she need never have had any alarm about being sunburned, and she showed her dislike of camp life by making everyone there as uncomfortable as possible. She would sit on the piazza as the anglers, both women and men, were getting ready

here is one," she replied, at the same time taking a long rubber worm from her mouth and handing it to the man. Just then, with a wild yell, the disgusted woman ran into the camp, and to this day I think, she supposes they were real worms, while those anglers never meet without a hearty laugh over the joke.

I have found that if a woman loves the woods she is sure to make a good camper, to find pleasure in the little discomforts, to smile over the unexpected difficulties, and quickly adapt herself to circumstances, and finally and with much enthusiasm enter into the sport of this life out of doors which seems to me, brings out one's true nature better than anything else.

There is plenty of room for all who love the life out in the open. In the good old State of Maine, and we bid you a hearty welcome. If any of the many thousands of readers of the Maine Woods would like to come in winter there are hotels as comfortable when it is seen weather as in summer.

Fly Rod.



HON. H. B. AUSTIN, CHAIRMAN FISH & GAME COM.

to go out for the day, and remark, "how can any woman be so unladylike as to take a fish pole and start off. Do they ever use worms these nasty crawling worms?"

That night the jolly genial fishermen around the fire talked the matter over and decided to shock her. One of the women had in their tackle case a box of rubber worms which had been sent as a joke the Christmas before from an angler traveling in Europe and so like the real worm many had mistaken them. After breakfast the next morning as several were making ready to go out fishing, some one remarked, "I think I'll try worms to-day if I can get them." "Oh, Miss—has a few, and she will give you some. There she is, sitting over there, getting her tackle ready to go." Sure enough there was the fair fisherman sitting on the piazza, close to the woman who was holding up her dress and head, disgusted with the whole thing. "Have you a few worms you can spare?" politely asked an angler, as he walked up to her. "Yes,

THE NEW HOTEL EAGLE, BRUNSWICK, MAINE.

Is the commercial man's home while in Brunswick and is also the automobile headquarters of Brunswick, as it is located about midway between Portland and Rockland on "The New Federal Post Road."

Everything is new and convenient and the best of accommodations are furnished to all. Rooms en suite with or without private baths.

Cuisine guaranteed the finest. While motoring through Maine stop at The New Hotel Eagle for both pleasure and comfort.

F. L. Blinn, Prop.

CATARRH OF THE STOMACH

is the bane of thousands of lives. Many folks who use "L. F." Atwood's Medicine for indigestion find it a really reliable relief for Catarrh of the Stomach.

Mr. Morton's experience is a typical instance, that points out to you a quick relief from this form of catarrh:

Newport, Me.:

"The doctors say I have catarrh of the stomach. "L. F." Atwood's Medicine seems to be the best remedy I can get for it. I keep "L. F." Atwood's Medicine in the house all the time—would not be without it.

(Signed) J. L. Morton.

Get YOUR Big Bottle at the Dealer's Today, 35 cents.

FREE Sample by Mail.

"L. F." MEDICINE CO., Portland, Me.

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Makes Cakes Like This!

Light, tender, mouth-melting cake, the kind that you are proud to serve, whether it is just a cake you stirred up for the family or a splendid big rich one for the birthday party.

Wonderful for pastry, too, and just as good for biscuits, hot rolls and bread.

Goes farther—a help in household economy—because it is milled by a special process from Ohio Red Winter Wheat.

Your grocer will have it. Good grocers like to sell **William Tell Flour**

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Catering to "Up State" Folks

THE NEW CHASE HOUSE

434 Congress St.,
PORTLAND, MAINE

Erected in 1911, and positively the only Fireproof Hotel in the City

Elevator Service, Private and Public Baths and every convenience for the comfort of guests including

HOT AND COLD RUNNING WATER AND LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE IN EVERY ROOM

SPLENDID RESTAURANT CONNECTED FEATURING POPULAR PRICED MENUS

American Plan \$2.50 per day, upward
European Plan \$1.00 per day, upward

Letters of inquiry regarding rates etc., promptly answered.
H. E. THURSTON, R. F. HIMMELIN, Proprietors.

Target Tips and Hunting Helps

by Alfred P. Lane

Send questions to Mr. Lane
care of this paper.



A New Questions and Answers Department of Interest to Shooters

C. Ashville, N. C.

What calibre revolver do you consider suitable for home protection? The bigger the better since the revolver is not to be carried. About .38 calibre or larger even.

Is there any way a man could make his own powder to reload his own gun?

If you are an expert chemist with years of experience, I should say yes. The first procedure is to get out very heavy life and accident insurance policies. The manufacture of gunpowder is a complicated and very intricate process, beset with dangers. I hate to discourage you but I am absolutely certain that results would in no wise justify the great risk.

B. T. Rochester, N. Y.

What is the regulation size of the bull's-eye for ten yards distance and what is the increase in the size of the bull's-eye for each yard?

To what regulation do you refer? The Standard American Target has a bull's-eye .528 inches in diameter at ten yards when used for pistol and revolver shooting. At twenty yards the bull's-eye is 1.12 inches, and at fifty yards it is 3.36 inches. There is no stated amount to be added per yard. Most .22 calibre rifle shooting in the important matches is done at a one-half inch bull's-eye at twenty-five yards. For ten yards the bull's-eye should be slightly less than one-quarter of an inch.

2. How far will the bullets of a .22 short, .22 long, and .22 long rifle cartridge travel in one second after being fired?

A .22 long rifle cartridge gives its bullet sufficient velocity to travel about 750 to 800 feet in the first second. I have no figures applying to the .22 short and .22 long, but these cartridges give lower figures.

A. G. V., Penfield, New York.

1. Does a pitted rifle barrel have any effect on the accuracy or penetration of the bullet?

It depends on how badly the barrel is pitted. If only slightly pitted there would be practically no loss in accuracy or penetration.

2. Which powder is the more powerful, black or smokeless?

In the .22 calibre size, Lesmok and semi-smokeless are more powerful than smokeless.

3. Which of the two sights are the best for all around purposes, the bead sight or sporting front sight?

The bead front sight is generally considered best for all around uses.

4. When using the sporting front sight and adjustable rear sights, how much of the front sight should be seen when aiming?

Top of front sight should be even with top of notch.

5. Does it injure a rifle as to its accuracy and distance of carrying to clean it from the muzzle?

Not necessarily. You stand a good chance of spoiling the rifle however.

6. When cleaning a rifle should it be cleaned from the breech or the muzzle?

Always from the breech, if mechanically possible.

Y. Z., Martintown, Ont.

1. About the British Automatic, .455 calibre. Third, how many cartridges does it contain? Fourth, is it liable to miss fire, and also any other information you might think the committee on interior should be of interest to an intending purchaser.

I assume that you mean by "British Automatic" the auto pistol adopted by the British Govt., which the Webley & Scott, calibre .455 auto pistol. This fires a .220 gr. bullet with a penetration of about 12 inches at ten yards. Weight of bullet 39 3/4 ounces. It is a reliable and efficient weapon.

2. I have a new revolver purchased through a middleman, who supposedly got it directly from the factory. It misses fire about one shot in six or seven. The firing pin don't strike the primer quite in the center. The main spring is exceedingly strong. I noticed a screw head probably holding the main spring and it is broken and botched. Is there any use of my sending this gun to a gunsmith or has it been there already? Otherwise it is a fine safety gun.

I would suggest that you take the matter up with the manufacturers. You will find the name and address stamped on the barrel.

A. L. M., Bristol, Conn.

What kind of targets are used by the Intercollegiate rifle teams in their indoor matches and where can they be procured? By kind of targets I mean what are the sizes and count of the different rings and what is the size of bull's-eye for the different indoor ranges?

Bull's-eye counting ten is one-half inch in diameter. Nine ring, diameter, one inch; eight ring diameter one and one-half inches, etc., each succeeding ring being one-half inch larger than the next. Seven, eight, nine and ten rings black, rest of target white. Distance fifty feet. Ten shots standing, ten shots prone. For further information, write the National Rifle Ass'n., Washington, D. C.

R. K., Berkeley, Cal.

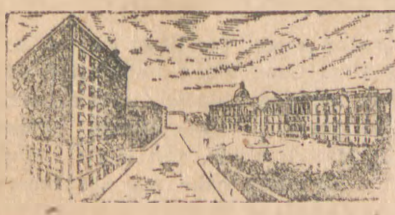
Which is the proper way to aim a .22 rifle, as per fig. 1 or fig. 2, which are enclosed?

Method illustrated by figure 1 is correct. See answer to M. G. V., above, question 4.

Alfred P. Lane

ASKS MORE PROTECTION FOR SOME GAME BIRDS.

"Gul" Wheeler of Brunswick is after more protection for partridge and woodcock. As he is a shotgun man himself, it can be seen that he is not selfish, but rather is working in the interests of game protection for Maine. In the House Tuesday morning of last week, he offered an act to amend the game laws so that the time when partridge and woodcock might be legally shot would be from Oct. 1 to Nov. 30, of each year. This bill would also have an annual close time on wild ducks, brant and geese from Dec. 16 of each year to Aug. 31 of the following year and on black bustard and golden plover from Dec. 1 of each year to Aug. 14 of the following year.



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Offers room with hot and cold water for \$1.00 per day and up, which includes free use of public shower baths.

Nothing to Equal This in New England

Rooms with private baths for \$1.50 per day and up; suites of two rooms and bath for \$4.00 per day and up.

ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF

Strictly a Temperance Hotel

Send for Booklet

STORER F. CRAFTS Gen. Manager

ASSOCIATION IMPORTANT FACTOR

Five Laws Which Fish and Game Association Is Trying to Get Through Legislature.

(Written for Maine Woods).

Auburn, Feb. 1915.

One of the important factors in the furtherance of the extensive fish and game interests of the Pine Tree State is the Maine Sportsman's Fish and Game Association, an organization of 520 members which is working hard this year to push through the legislature some important measures.

The Fish and Game Association, which is the only state-wide body of its kind in Maine, has a considerable number of out of state members, and it can truthfully be said that it always has been alive to the



R. J. HODGSON, PRES. FISH AND GAME ASSOCIATION

interests of the sportsmen from outside who constitute such a large percentage of the total number who enjoy the woods and streams of the state.

Men from all the southern New England States and from New York and Pennsylvania are members and have taken an interest in its affairs, while on their side the resident members have tried to keep the association out of any narrow rut of self interest and keep in mind the broader viewpoint which must exist to keep Maine "the outdoor state" for Eastern sportsmen.

There is therefore, we believe, a very beneficial feeling of mutual understanding between visiting sportsmen and the state fish and game association which has proved very much to the advantage of the sporting interests of Maine in a large sense. And it could be further emphasized that more sportsmen who make the state their spring and fall vacation ground, and feel almost as if they were residents, would become members.

That the association will be an even greater factor in the future is indicated by the marked revival of interest in its affairs during the last year. It held the best outing and the largest attended annual meeting in its history. It had some of the best men in the country address this meeting, which was attended by many state senators and representatives, and the interest aroused there should be reflected in the legislative action on fish and game matters. Furthermore it added nearly a hundred new members to its rolls during the year, and the officers will try to equal the record again in 1915.

There are five laws which the fish and game association is trying to get through the Maine legislature this year. These may be said to be jointly fathered by the state fish and game commission and the association. These two bodies are very much in harmony. Mr. Harry B. Austin, chairman of the fish and game commission and one of the best equipped men who has held that office, is chairman of the executive committee of the association, in which he has always taken a deep interest.

These laws are:

1—A five year closed period on moose.

2—Reduction of the non-resident hunting license fee from \$25 to \$15.

3—Resident license law carrying a small fee.

4—Prohibition of all hunting between sunset and sunrise.

5—Prohibiting the fishing for any kind of fish in inland waters during the season such waters are closed to fishing for trout and salmon.

The five year close time on moose has been advocated for several years, but the opposition of certain sections of the state killed the bill which was presented two years ago. Since then the absolute necessity of some such provision has become more and more evident, and it is certain that some of the opposition has been converted; enough in fact, so that it is expected the law will pass. This measure seemingly has the approval of out of state sportsmen, because without it there would be no moose hunting in a few years, and with it there is a conviction that the moose will increase rapidly. There is a feeling that the present law protecting cows and killing bulls has not worked well. In some parts of the state, according to expert testimony, there is an unnatural preponderance of cow moose.

The second law has a direct interest for out of state sportsmen. At the last session of the legislature the non-resident license fee was put up to \$25.00. There is no question but what the state needs every cent it can collect from all sources to maintain an adequate warden system, fish hatchery system, and all the other machinery that's absolutely necessary to protect and build up the hunting and fishing interests. At the time it was felt that \$25 was not too much for the out of state hunter to pay. There is still an opposition on the part of many against putting the fee back to \$15, but the general sentiment of the association and apparently the state in general is toward the reduction.

To reduce the fee will create a better feeling among visiting sportsmen, and will result in a greater number of them coming to Maine next fall. The number of licenses issued last fall under the \$25 fee was considerably less than in the last year the \$15 fee was in force. As far as the fish and game department finances were concerned more money was taken in under the \$25 system, the advanced price more than offsetting the lesser number of licenses issued. Another factor is the close time on moose, if it is brought about. It is felt that without moose hunting \$25 is too much to pay. The effort to bring about the reduction is in line with the general policy to do what we can for the out of state sportsman so far as is consistent with preserving the hunting in general.

The resident license law is very important, and if put through will eliminate the complaint of the non-residents that they have to bear the whole license burden. The law is not framed with an idea of revenue particularly, although the income will be considerable. It will simplify the task of enforcing the law, both against residents and non-residents. In the past, and more particularly since the advent of the automobile, there has been a tendency on the part of a certain class of non-residents to evade their license fee. If questioned by a warden he simply says: "Why, of course I have no license. I'm a resident. My name is so-and-so, and I live in such and such a town." He names a town in the other end of the state. The warden does not dare hold the suspect pending an investigation, and by the time he can get information the man may be out of the state. Under the new law every individual who is in the woods with a gun must produce a license on demand from a warden.

Certain details of this law have proved perplexing, but they will not be allowed to defeat, it is hoped, a measure which is obviously a big and necessary innovation, and which is already in force in most of the states in the union.

Prohibition of hunting between sunset and sunrise is aimed at the hunters who use jack-lights and automobile headlights for night hunting, and to discourage the practice of lying in wait in orchards on moonlight nights to slaughter the deer which gather there.

The reason for prohibiting fishing for any kind of fish in inland waters during such time these waters are closed to salmon and trout fishing is obvious. The man who gets a trout when fishing for a pickerel has to have a terrible struggle with his conscience before putting the trout back, and many are not equal to the strain.

The association has publicly gone on record as standing behind these measures, which have been voted on through circular letters sent to every member. The legislative committee of the association is working in the legislature to put them through, and it is certain that the wishes of 520 of the good sportsmen will have some influence.



R. C. WHITEHOUSE, SEC. FISH AND GAME ASSOCIATION

In the course of a year the association has a great number of matters brought to its attention, mostly in the form of suggestions for needed game laws, appeals for advice, reports of violations of the law, etc. Many of these are good material for discussion, and some doubtless will crystallize into laws.

There is a wide spread feeling that the open season on various game birds and animals ought to be more uniform; in fact many think that there should be just one open season for every kind of game. There would be objections to this, but certainly it would eliminate much illegal shooting.

Maine's laws are at variance with the Federal Migratory Bird Act in some instances, and there is a movement to make them coincide, as has been done in some other states. There is a movement to protect the bear from promiscuous trapping and make him more of an asset for the attraction of hunters, that animal being now so scarce that hunters seldom get one. There has been talk of restricting the killing of deer to one buck per season, but the association has voted as not favorable to this, and presumably it will not receive urgent attention until conditions more strongly demand some such law to preserve deer. It has been felt that such a law would not work well on the deer, but President John B. Burnham of the American Game Protective and Propagation Association at the meeting in Augusta in January gave some examples where the scheme had worked very advantageously, and doubtless threw much new light on the matter.

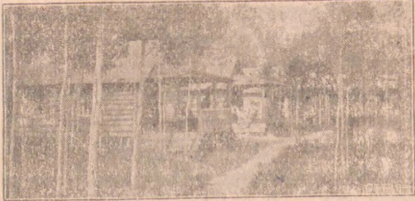
The influence of the Maine Sportsman's Fish and Game Association is largely in ratio to the size of its membership, and the officers are trying to increase it as fast as possible. Any non-resident who is interested in Maine hunting and is a good sportsman will be very gladly welcomed to membership, and as the fees are small (\$2 to join and \$1 per year thereafter) Secretary R. C. Whitehouse, Auburn, Me., hopes to receive applications from many non-residents this year.

WALTER I. NEAL MEMBER OF COMMISSION.

Walter I. Neal of Wadsworth is the second member of the Maine Fish and Game Commission and we regret not being able to publish a cut of Mr. Neal in this edition with the other members, but we were unable to obtain one.

Where To Go In Maine

Lake Parlin House and Camps



Write for booklet.

H. P. McKENNEY, Proprietor.

Jackman, Maine

Are delightfully situated on shore of Lake Parlin on direct line from Quebec to Rangeley Lakes, popular thorough-fare for automobiles being a distance of 122 miles each way. Lake Parlin and the 12 out ponds in the radius of four miles furnish the best of fly fishing the whole season. The house and camps are new and have all modern conveniences, such as baths, gas lights, open rock fireplaces, etc. The cuisine is unexcelled. Canoeing, boating, bathing, tennis, mountain climbing, automobileing, etc.



Are You Going Hunting?

If so, write me the number of persons in your party, how long you wish to stay in camp, and let me tell you

THE EXACT COST

of your trip at Chase Pond Camps as I shall make cut rates to all during October and November. I will also send you names of parties who have hunted here that you may refer to in regard to hunting, camps, etc.

Guy Chadbourne, Prop., Bingham, Maine

YORK CAMPS,

RANGELEY, MAINE

J. LEWIS YORK, Prop.

FISHING

AT

John Carville's Camps at Spring Lake

Salmon, square tailed and lake trout. My camps are most charmingly situated on the shores of Spring Lake, well furnished, excellent beds, purest of spring water and the table is first-class, elevation 1,800 feet above sea level, grandest scenery and pure mountain air. Hay fever and malaria unknown. Spring Lake furnishes excellent lake trout and salmon fishing and in the neighboring streams and ponds are abundance of brook trout. Buckboard roads only 2-12 miles. An ideal family summer resort. Telephone communications with village and doctor. References furnished. Terms reasonable. Address for full particulars, JOHN CARVILLE, Flagstaff, Me.

Blakeslee Lake Camps

JOSEPH H. WHITE, Proprietor

A famous resort for anglers and hunters. Write for illustrated booklet and map. Address, Oct. 15 till May 1st, Skinner, Me. Summer address, Eustis, Maine.

WEST END HOTEL

H. M. CASTNER, Prop'r.

Portland, Maine

Thoroughly first class. The hotel for Maine vacationists, tourists and sportsmen. All farm, dairy products, pork and poultry from our own farm, enabling us to serve only fresh vegetables, meats, butter, cream, eggs, etc. American plan. Send for circular.

SELGRADE LAKES, MAINE.

The Belgrade. Best Sportsmen's Hotel in New England. Best black bass fishing in the world, best trout fishing in Maine. CHAS. N. HILL & SON, Managers.

OUANANICHE LODGE.

Grand Lake Stream, Washington Co., Me. World wide known for its famous fishing, vacation and hunting country. Norway Pines House and Camps, Dobs Lake. Most attractive situation in Maine. Good auto road to lodge. Plenty storage capacity for machines. From there one can take steamer to any part of the lake territory. The best hunting, fishing and vacation section of beautiful Washington Co. Address for particulars W. G. ROSE, Manager, Princeton, Me., Dec. 1st to April 1st.

THE CARRY POND CAMPS

Will be opened May 10, 1915. Best of Trout Fishing. Good accommodations. Write for circular.

HENRY J. LANE,

Carry Pond, Maine, Via Bingham, Me.

OTTER POND CAMPS

Are open to accommodate sportsmen for fishing and hunting. Send for circular. GEORGE H. MCKENNEY, Prop., Caratunk, Me.

TRAPPING SEASON SOON BE HERE

If you want to know what is what in the Hunting and Trapping line subscribe for the Trapper. It is a \$1.00 publication but if you act quick only 60 cents. Every issue is crammed full of valuable information on Hunting, Trapping, Fishing, Taxidermy, etc., that could not be obtained elsewhere at any price. Subscribe Now and Keep Posted. S. C. Wellman, publisher, Dept. M., Huntington, W. Va.

RANGELEY TAVERN & LAKE VIEW HOUSE On Rangeley Lake.

Thoroughly modern. On direct automobile route. Tavern all year. Lake View House July 1 to Oct.

Best fishing and hunting. Booklets.

N. H. ELLIS & SON, Props., Rangeley, Maine.

PLEASANT ISLAND CAMPS

On Cusuptic Lake—Fishing unexcelled—Best of hunting—Special rates for June, September, October and November—Write for Booklet.

Weston U. Toothaker, Proprietor, Pleasant Island, Maine.

RANGELEY LAKES

Camp Bemis, The Birches, The Barker. Write for free circular. CAPT. F. C. BARKER, Bemis, Maine.

VIA RUMFORD FALLS

Best Salmon and Trout Fishing in Maine. Fly fishing begins about June 1. Send for circular. House always open. JOHN CHADWICK & CO., Upper Dam, Maine.

DEAD RIVER REGION

The Sargent. Up-to-date in every particular. Maine's ideal family vacation resort. Good fishing and hunting section. Cuisine unsurpassed. E. F. Look, Prop'r, Eustis, Maine.

MOOSELOOKMEGUNTIC HOUSE AND LOG CAMPS.

Heart of the Rangeleys. Best fishing region. Special June and September rates. Booklet. MRS. F. B. MURNS.

THE ATTEAN LAKE CAMPS

Unsurpassed fishing, hunting, canoeing, bathing and mountain climbing. Separate camps for all parties, with special accommodations for families. Sixteen trout ponds of fly and bait fishing, and a never end of rivers and streams.

Automobile tourists wishing to visit ATTEAN CAMPS, may come to Holden's Garage, one mile from camp, where motor boat will meet parties. Map and booklet of my territory on request.

RUEL E. HOLDEN, Jackman, Maine

VAUGHAN CAMPS

The Spectacle Lake Camps, which are known as the Kibby Camps, have been purchased by me and are open for Fishing and Hunting for the season of 1915. An ideal family summer resort. Telephone connections. A most beautiful climate during the summer months; cool, even and invigorating. Finest Deer Hunting in the State of Maine. Good Stream and Lake Fishing. Prices reasonable. For full particulars, address

FRANK R. VAUGHAN, Prop., EUSTIS, MAINE

USE JUST GOOD HORSE SENSE

(Continued from page one).

way. And now the United States Government steps in for your own good and says you shall not sit in a blind in the dim light of before and after sunrise and sunset and slaughter birds without let or hindrance.

Another quotation: "With the increased use of the automobile it is now easy for a non-resident to come to Maine, attach a Maine tag to his automobile, enjoy a few days' or a few weeks' hunting and get by without paying any tax whatever for the privilege." The Biddeford Journal ought to know that to get that Maine tag any one must pay a tax of \$10.00, and so he does not "get by without paying any tax whatever." The writer takes the usual fling at the non-resident as being abundantly able to pay any tax, therefore soak him good and plenty. He forgets that a very large percentage of the visitors to Maine are her native sons, who still own property and pay taxes in the state; who still are deeply interested in her institutions and who contribute to their support to a much greater extent than do many of her residents, and this while doing their share in other states.

Further on, your Journal writer makes a statement which, if true, would be a burning disgrace to the state, viz., that if the legislation referred to, a resident license law to be enacted, such an increase of officials would be required to enforce the law as to more than offset the income from the tax. Has Maine then become a state where laws are no longer to be respected, and has our correspondent forgotten that he does not live in the dark ages? Why, Mr. Editor, this tempest in a teapot? Verily a mountain was in travail and a mouse was brought forth. Are the residents of Maine so poverty-stricken or so stingy that they "cannot or will not pay one dollar per annum to assist the game warden in the discharge of their duty?" In New Jersey no one complains of the resident license. In Pennsylvania the resident pays his license and has a tag attached to his sleeve to show that he has the right to hunt, and by this means the warden is enabled to detect the violator of the law; and this has been found to work well.

There should be no appeal to the passions in a matter like this, but just good horse sense. Let those who have made a conscientious study of conditions and needs see that the best laws to meet these conditions are enacted; and then let us all, resident and non-resident visitor, render cheerful obedience to those laws ourselves, and use our influence to have others do likewise, and not bark out our threats as to what will happen if things are not done as our superior (?) wisdom would direct. A public newspaper ought to use its columns to inculcate a wholesome respect for and obedience of the law instead of appealing to what is baser in our nature to violate the same.

Very truly yours,
S. W. Evans.

Astonishing Supplication.

A famous college principal used to give out notices at the morning devotional exercises, which always closed with a prayer. One morning he forgot a certain notice until he had begun his last prayer. Praying for the professors and students of the college, the notice from the French professor came to mind, and the assembled students were astonished to hear the president say: "And O Lord, bless Professor Karge, whose French class will be held this morning at nine o'clock instead of at half past nine, as usual."

ENTERTAINMENT BY LADIES' AID

Boy Scouts Observe Lincoln's Birthday--Speaking at Church February 23

(Special Correspondence.)

Rangeley, February 16.—Mrs. Chas. Buck and children of Westerly, R. I., are guests of Mrs. Buck's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Twombly.

Mrs. J. A. Russell has been spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. Ed Greenwood at Phillips.

Mrs. G. A. Proctor and son Corydon, left Tuesday for a short visit with friends at Wilton.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Gile and Miss Dorothy, who have been at Portland for the past six weeks, have returned home.

Miss Hildred Robertson, Bates College, enjoyed a short recess the past week, a guest of her parents, Conductor and Mrs. A. L. Robertson.

Mrs. Frank Badger was called to her former home in Phillips by the severe illness of her mother.

H. A. Furbish was in Farmington Tuesday, to attend Probate court.

While at work across the lake, Fern Philbrick had the misfortune to injure his head Thursday afternoon. Dr. Colby was called and made the injured man as comfortable as possible. The young man was able to resume work the first of the week.

G. M. Caniton is selling nursery stock from the Chase Nurseries.

Dr. A. M. Ross was in Phillips one day recently on business.

The entertainment and sociable given February 9, under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid was well patronized and the ladies were able to add about \$20 to their treasury. The program was as follows: Musical selections, Graphonola; song, Eugene Easeley; reading, Constantine Harnden; duet, Susie Tibbetts, Mrs. O. R. Rowe; reading, Zelma Robertson. Farce entitled, "Packing the Missionary Barrel," with the following cast of characters:

Miss Brown,	P. M. Richardson
Mrs. Green,	Cora Porter
Mrs. Marks,	Susie Abbott
Sophie,	Bertha Russell
Miss Flinn,	Mrs. H. A. Childs
Miss Dimp,	Helen Raymond
Mrs. Hicks,	Mrs. A. M. Ross
Mrs. Jones,	Mrs. Geo. Kempton
Mrs. White,	Mrs. Lyman Kempton
Mrs. Lamb,	M. L. Hoar

The parts were well taken and each type in town furnished much amusement. The general contribution from the village was also much enjoyed. The entertainment was followed by a grand march and old-fashioned sociable, music for which was furnished by the graphonola.

Colin McKenzie of Boston is the guest of his brother, F. G. McKenzie for a month. He is rooming at Nate Albee's.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Stewart returned home after an extended visit with relatives and friends. They were accompanied by Mrs. Stewart's mother, Mrs. Durant, who will remain with them for some time.

Lester Maguire is working for J. A. Russell.

G. A. Proctor is enjoying a few days' vacation from the postoffice duties. Mrs. Daniel Ross is assisting at the office during his absence.

Newton Hoar, the little son of Mr. and Mrs. Leon Hoar, celebrated his fourth birthday Monday, with a party. Those present were, Mattie Pillsbury, Max Hinkley, and Keith Murphy. Birthday cake and ice cream were served. Master Newton received many nice gifts in remembrance of the occasion.

C. C. Murphy, J. L. Philbrick and Warren Wilbur were at Farmington last week to attend court.

Clarence L. Stansbury was in town a few days recently.

Mr. and Mrs. Amos Ellis left Monday morning for Lewiston.

Mrs. F. B. Colby and daughter, Beatrice, have returned from a visit with relatives in Boston and vicinity. Mrs. Colby also visited friends in New York, Miss Beatrice spending the time with her grandmother.

Mrs. Rose Prescott and three children of Berlin, N. H., arrived Saturday for an extended visit with her

parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Oakes. Mrs. Oakes met her at Mechanic Falls and accompanied her home.

A party of 20 High school students and teachers enjoyed a surprise party to Lake View Farm and Dickson's Island.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Badger have returned from Portland.

A large number of parents and friends were present at the High school Friday afternoon to listen to the speaking. The following were selected to speak at the church which event will be held Tuesday evening, February 23:

Harnden, Susie Stewart, Susie Tibbetts, Phyllis Robertson, Helen Hammond, Mildred Huntton, Verna Oakes, Don Pillsbury.

Mrs. T. Freeman Tibbetts, Mrs. Sylvader Hinkley, Mrs. Ira D. Hoar and little Elmore Morrison, have been on the sick list.

Miss Katherine Nice of Orono, Pa. who has been spending the winter at the Tavern is entertaining her mother and a cousin, Miss Ella Nice for a few weeks.

The lower grade schools enjoyed Valentine boxes last Friday. Part of the afternoon was devoted to Lincoln exercises.

The members of the Intermediate school gave a Valentine shower to Miss Rena Ellis, who is out of school because of illness.

Last Friday evening the Boy Scouts celebrated Lincoln's birthday with appropriate exercises at Scout hall. Mr. Vaughn and Mr. Amber each gave a splendid talk on phases with the assistance of local talent. There will be a drama March 2, at Furbish hall, the proceeds to be used to defray expenses of the organization. About 30 people are in the cast.

Mrs. E. I. Herrick accompanied Mr. Herrick back to Augusta, where she will remain for a time to enjoy the festivities at the Capitol city. Mrs. Chas. Haley will keep house during her absence.

Dr. Bell was in town Saturday on professional business.

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. McCard were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Hinkley, Friday and Saturday.

Dr. F. B. Colby recently made a trip to Augusta.

Howard Herrick and Miss Marna Quimby, who are attending Bryn & Stratton Commercial College in Boston, went to Augusta Tuesday to join Mr. and Mrs. E. I. Herrick for the Governor's reception and ball. They will return to Boston Thursday.

NORTH PHILLIPS

Mrs. E. R. Lander who has been caring for Mrs. Rachel Hinkley has returned to her home at Madrid Station. Mrs. L. L. Hinkley of Wilton is taking her place.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Dunham of Madrid were guests last Sunday of Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Hinkley.

Gerald Reed is spending a week with his sister, Mrs. Alonzo Corson in East Madrid.

Gary Nickerson was in Salem one day last week and called on many friends.

Gilman Hinkley is spending a few weeks with relatives in Rangeley. Miss Bertha Moody spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Willard Moody on Bray Hill.

Mrs. Mary Pickard and son were guests one day last week of Mrs. Myra Moody.

Will Billington of Redington was a caller on Bray Hill last week.

WEST FARMINGTON

The Misses Myra and Lilla Scates of Temple visited Mr. and Mrs. Walter Farmer last week.

Mrs. Ella Morrison has closed her house and will spend the remainder of the winter with Mrs. Belle in galls.

Hardy & Wing sawed S. R. Norton's wood last week. Charles Norton assisted them and has split his father's wood. He returned to his home in Strong, Saturday.

Ernest Vining attended the Farmers' meeting last week.

Nettie Whitney visited her mother, Mrs. N. E. Ranger last Sunday.

BIG RESULTS

FROM SMALL ADS.

What have you for Sale or Exchange?

Look around and see if you haven't some Fire Arms, Boats, A Dog, An Automobile, A Camera, Tent, Hammock or something else you don't want.

Someone else is sure to want it

We have sold things for others, and we can do the same for you. Rates one cent a word in advance.

Address, Classified Department,

MAINE WOODS

Phillips, Maine

HIGH SCHOOL ENTERTAINMENT

Will Take A Trip to Washington, D. C., Later.

(Special Correspondence.)

Strong, February 15.—Mrs. Frank Hodgman of Phillips spent Friday in town the guest of Mrs. Fred Daggett. Mrs. Hodgman had been in Farmington for several days visiting her aunt, Mrs. Mary Churchill, who is in very poor health.

Mrs. P. W. Mason has returned from a week's visit with friends in Portland.

Charles Richards who is lumbering in the Dead River region, spent a few days in town with his family, recently.

Mrs. Will Hood of Phillips underwent a surgical operation at Dr. Bell's hospital last Friday, performed by Drs. Bell and Nichols.

The High school gave an entertainment in McLeary's hall last Friday evening to raise money for the speaking contest. An excellent program was carried out consisting of the following numbers:

Duet, Mrs. M. A. Will and Vincent Pottle

Reading, High school girls

Reading, Mrs. Sampson

Quartette, Mrs. C. V. Starbird, Mrs. M. A. Will, Mrs. Roy Lewis, Mrs. Ralph Starbird.

Reading, Mrs. Sampson

Piano duet, Misses Lizzie Worthley and Crysteen McLeary.

Last Saturday afternoon the Merry Makers met with Miss Crystel Robbins and a delightful time was enjoyed by all present. During the afternoon Mrs. Robbins served a delicious lunch with valentine favors. The lunch consisted of marguerites, assorted cakes and punch. Those present were Ella Willard, Farice Douglass, Sara Bell, Rebecca Rounds, Kathleen Mitchell, Bertha Glennon, Crystel Robbins. The next meeting will be held with Miss Sara Bell.

Mrs. D. E. Leighton has been very ill the past week, suffering from a severe attack of erysipelas. She is cared for by a nurse, Mrs. Daven-

port, or Wilton. Her many friends hope for her speedy recovery.

Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Partridge entertained a party of friends one evening last week. The evening was spent in playing flinch. During the time refreshments were served. Those present were Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Will, Mr. and Mrs. H. N. Luce, Rev. and Mrs. W. P. Holman.

Leander Daggett was ill a few days last week and unable to attend to his duties as janitor of the High school building.

Rev. W. P. Holman preached an excellent sermon last Sunday morning at the Methodist church, from Cor. 4: 1-5.

Miss Laura Luce is working at D. E. Leighton's.

Mrs. Olive Dodge has been quite ill the past week, suffering from neuralgia.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Chandler of Phillips were in town Sunday, the guests of their son, Harry Chandler and wife.

George Barker and Roland Hackett of New Vineyard were in town Sunday. Mr. Hackett has just returned from Portland, where he had an operation performed on his wrist. He is attended by Dr. Bell.

C. E. Hull D. D., will give a lecture on Sunday school work Thursday evening of this week. It will be a union service and a general invitation is extended to all to be present.

Mr. and Mrs. Oren Curtis of Curtis Corner visited their daughter, Mrs. W. P. Holman, a few days last week.

Miss Hortense Smith, who has been in Wilton the past few weeks, has arrived home.

Miss Dorothy McKeen has returned from Freeman, where she has closed a very successful term of school.

Charles Allen has recently returned from New Vineyard, where he has been the guest of Walter Look.

Ernest Chandler has been very ill the past few days, suffering from indigestion.

Charles Norton has moved his family to Temple, where they intend to make their future home.

Mitchell True was in Farmington Tuesday on business.

Sherley Ramsdell of New Vineyard was in town Sunday.

Samuel Gilman underwent an operation on his eye last week, for the

removal of a bunch in the corner. He is, however, doing nicely.

Mrs. Elbridge Vining spent a few days recently with friends in Farmington.

Mrs. Chester Walker underwent a surgical operation at her home on Upper Main street Monday afternoon. The operation was performed by Dr. C. W. Bell, assisted by Dr. Nichols.

The ice was scraped and a quarter of a mile track made ready for a horse trot Monday afternoon, but owing to the rain it had to be postponed.

Mrs. E. R. Sprague was in Farmington recently on a business trip.

The friends of Mrs. Sam Johnson are sorry to know she is still obliged to use crutches, although she is gaining slowly.

The members of the graduating class of the High school are preparing to take a trip to Washington, D. C., some time during March. The party will consist of Misses Marion Presson, Gladys Johnson, Marion Johnson, Alice Hunter, with Mrs. E. R. Sprague and Miss Emma Fullerton as chaperons.

Ervin Pease of Hartford, Conn., is visiting his sister, Mrs. William Goldsmith.

G. Dell Smith, a cartoonist, is giving some drawing lessons in the graded schools this week.

Edd Look of Eustis underwent a surgical operation for the removal of a bunch from his neck at Dr. Bell's hospital Tuesday afternoon.

THE KITCHEN CABINET

A man who must separate himself from his neighbor's habits in order to be happy, is in much the same case with one who requires to take opium for the same purpose. What we want to see is one who can breast the world, do a man's work, and still preserve his first and pure enjoyment of existence.—R. L. Stevenson.

THE PIQUANT PEPPER.

Pepper Purée.—Wash, halve and seed peppers, then run them through a meat chopper and save the juice. Cook gently until tender, adding the juice to keep them from burning, also water. Thicken with a little flour rubbed smooth in a little milk, stock or gravy, add one teaspoonful of butter for each pint of purée, season with salt and pepper and serve hot.

Sweet pepper with cottage cheese is a most wholesome combination and it is also a pretty dish. The pepper may be chopped or shredded and added to the well-seasoned cheese.

Sweet Pepper Gravy.—Allow a cupful of chopped pepper to each pint of gravy. Add this with the juice to the pan of gravy before the meat is done. Let them cook until the meat is removed, then make the gravy in the usual way, serving the peppers without putting them through sieve.

Chopped sweet peppers make a tasty addition to any meat hash, creamed meat, croquettes or a meat pie.

Vegetable Hash.—Put through the meat chopper sufficient cold boiled potatoes and uncooked seeded peppers to make three-fourths of a pint each. Add a fourth of a pint of chopped onions and the pepper juice, mix and season with salt. Place a generous tablespoonful of butter in a frying pan and when sizzling hot add the vegetables and two tablespoonfuls of milk or stock. Cook carefully on one side, then when brown turn over like an omelet and serve.

Sweet Peppers in Meat Loaf.—Prepare the favorite loaf with the usual seasonings, then add washed, well chopped, seeded peppers, allowing seven to an ordinary meat loaf. If the peppers are green the color and flavor makes a most attractive looking as well as a most toothsome dish.

Green peppers stuffed with highly seasoned cream cheese and chilled, then cut in slices to serve is another good looking combination.

PHILLIPS DRUGGIST DESERVES PRAISE

E. H. Whitney, druggist, deserves praise from Phillips people for introducing here the simple buckthorn bark and glycerine mixture, known as Adler-ika. This simple German remedy first became famous by curing appendicitis and it has now been discovered that A Single Dose removes sour stomach, gas on the stomach and constipation INSTANTLY.



BUSINESS OF WINTER DAIRY

Adapted to Peculiar Conditions and Localities—Special Attention to Products When Highest.

(By W. MILTON KELLY.)

Good farming consists of making a profit out of the farm and at the same time leaving it better at the end of each year than it was at the beginning.

One of the mistakes that we often make when we are measuring the success of a farmer is when we consider only his net profits for the year.

This measure is not correct unless we take into account how much he has drawn from his capital stock, the fertility of his farm, the buildings, machinery and implements. It must also supply him a comfortable living for his family.

Dairying is of two kinds, winter and summer dairying, and each is adapted to peculiar conditions and localities. Summer dairying is best adapted to lands where grass growing is the most important feature and on cheap lands that are not productive of large crops of grain and fodder.

The cows are bred to come in about a month before they are turned out in the spring, and fed just enough to keep them healthy during the winter. This system of dairying does not require as expensive buildings as winter dairying, and is as profitable.

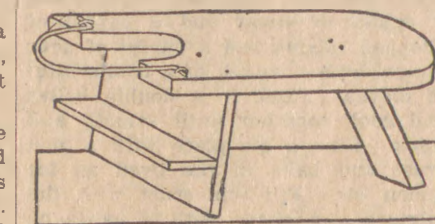
Winter dairying implies giving special attention to the production of milk and dairy products in winter when these productions are highest. The cows freshen in the fall and are fed grain and commercial foodstuffs in connection with their fodders and hay and by consuming considerable purchased grains it adds a large amount of fertility to the farm.

Some advocate summer dairying and some claim that winter dairying is the most profitable; but my experience convinces me that all-the-year-around dairying is more profitable than either, as it brings in about the same amount of money each month when it is conducted properly and the cows can be made to give milk all of the time, with the exception of six weeks or two months before they are due to freshen.

EASY TO MAKE MILK STOOL

Pail Is Kept Close to Cow's Udder and There Is Little Danger of It Being Knocked Over.

It is not a great deal of trouble to make a milk stool that keeps the pail up close to the cow's udder, and at the same time holds it so that there is



Handy Milk Stool, Not Easily Tipped Over.

little danger that it will be knocked over, writes Chester M. Wilson in Farmers' Mail and Breeze.

The front leg of this stool has a projecting rest upon which the pail is placed to keep it from the ground. The front is hollowed to receive the pail, which is held in place by a wire loop.

Keep Ham Moist.

Boiled ham is a most useful and popular dish, but it is inclined to get hard and dry when stored. To prevent this, spread over the cut portion with a thin layer of butter, then with a layer of flour paste and the ham will keep beautifully moist.

STOP THAT COUGH—NOW

When you catch Cold, or begin to Cough, the first thing to do is to take Dr. Bell's Pin-Tar-Honey. It penetrates the linings of the Throat and Lungs and fights the germs of the disease, giving quick relief and natural healing. "Our whole family depends on Pine-Tar-Honey for cough and Colds," writes Mr. E. Williams, Hamilton, Ohio. It always helps. 25¢ at your Druggist.

DYSPEPSIA OVERCOME

Tone Up the Stomach with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

When you have dyspepsia your life is miserable. You have a bad taste in your mouth, a tenderness at the pit of your stomach, a feeling of puffy fulness, headache, heartburn, and sometimes nausea.

Dyspepsia is difficult digestion—that is what the word means—and the only way to get rid of it is to give vigor and tone to the stomach and the whole digestive system. Hood's Sarsaparilla, sold by all druggists, is the one medicine which acts on the stomach through the blood and also directly. Its beneficial effects are felt at once. Improvement begins immediately.

Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood, makes the rich red blood that is needed for perfect digestion, and builds up the whole system. Be sure to get Hood's, for no other medicine can take its place.

You Can Enjoy Life

Eat what you want and not be troubled with indigestion if you will take a

Rexall Dyspepsia Tablet

before and after each meal. Sold only by us—25c a box.

R. H. Preble, Phillips.

Marr's Drug Store, Farmington.

WEST NEW VINEYARD

Feb. 15.

Mrs. Georgia Weymouth returned from the Central Maine General Hospital last week. She is much improved in health.

Ben Ramsdell and family of Farmington visited their son, Shirley Ramsdell, over Sunday.

C. O. Record is working in Lewiston for a few weeks.

Charles Record is cutting lumber for S. H. Ramsdell.

Joe Turner had the misfortune to lose one of his work horses recently.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Savage of Farmington recently visited his uncle, J. F. Savage.

Miss Mary Record spent the day Saturday, February 13, with her uncle, Elbert Bates of Strong.

EUSTIS

Feb. 15.

Mrs. Mary Fuller is on the sick list.

Mrs. Laura Ricker is caring for Mrs. Leslie Caldwell and baby.

Mrs. Clinton Meader has returned home from Stratton where she has been nursing.

Mrs. Norris Taylor of Stratton visited Mrs. A. L. Taylor one day the past week.

Lester Sylvester has returned home from Farmington where he has been on the jury.

Mrs. Melvina Day is working for Mrs. Warren Dyer.

George Bryant was home sick last week from A. L. Taylor's camp.

Mrs. Abbie Moody has finished work at The Sargent, and she and her son Bernice have gone to Skowhegan to visit her sister, Mrs. Charles Green.

EAST WELD

Feb. 15.

The Christmas Club met at Winnie Buker's last Saturday. This week it will meet with Stella Plummer.

Cedric Judkins of Upton was recently the guest of Charles Sanborn.

Miss Gladys Warren was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. I. H. Buker Friday and Saturday.

Mrs. Will Sanborn with her two children Norman and Arthur were guests at I. H. Buker's last Friday.

Halford and Minnie Buker attended the drama and dance at Carthage Feb. 10th. There were nearly 60 went from this town. They reported a very enjoyable time.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Vining were the guests of Mrs. Esther Vining Sunday.

The Misses Sanborn were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ezra Noyes Friday evening.

A Convalescent requires a food tonic that will rapidly build up wasted tissue

Rexall Olive Oil Emulsion

containing Hypophosphites is a most reliable prescription which we always recommend for that purpose.

R. H. Preble, Phillips.

Marr's Drug Store, Farmington.

Gold Fish Day At "Preble's"

We have arranged to give away 5000 Beautiful Gold Fish and Globes with purchases of 25c, 50c and \$1.00 on the Rexall Line, including a number of every-day Specials, as Soaps, Face Powders, Tooth Preparations, Stationery, Perfumes, Face Creams, Talcum Powders and our Rexall Wild Cherry Cough Syrup at 25c and 50c.

PREBLE'S OLD CORNER DRUG STORE

The **Rexall** Store

PUPILS RECEIVE PROMOTION

Representative Wyman Introduces Important Resolves.

(Special Correspondence.)

Kingfield, February 15.—A Poverty ball will be given at Eldridge's hall, Wednesday evening, Feb. 17, by the Junior and Sophomores of the Kingfield High school. Music will be furnished by Peerless orchestra. There will be a 5¢ fine on all jewelry, sidecombs, etc.

The following pupils have received mid-year promotions: From the first to the second grades: Lawrence Cross, Ellery Packard, Marguerite Potter, Cora Batchelder, Marie Vose, Frances Dolbier, Dorothy Stevens, Nancy Williamson, Hildred Phillips, Ethel Perry, Phyllis Rowe, Delia Rogers, Kenneth Sawyer, Irene York, Alma Stevens, Irma Clark. From the third to the fourth grade, Gladys Eldridge, Gladys Parsons, Eleanor Wood, Methyl Morris, Evelyn Packard, Freda Daggett, Gracie Daggett, Ralph Luce, Ross Potter, Anna Taylor.

St. Valentine's Day was observed by the schools on Friday afternoon. In the Intermediate and Sub-Intermediate rooms there will be a Valentine postoffice.

The Gentlemen's night of Wealafalott whist club will be held at French hall Tuesday evening, the entertaining committee to be Mrs. Charles Hodgman, Mrs. Raymond Phillips, Mrs. Charles Chamberlain, Mrs. George French. The decorative scheme will be in honor of St. Valentine. The next meeting of this club will be held with Mrs. Susie Hodgman on Thursday afternoon of this week. The last meeting was at the home of Mrs. Wallace Libby on February 4, and all of the members were present. Refreshments of hamlequin ice cream and three kinds of cake were served.

Twelve tables participated in a game of whist at the regular meeting of the Happy-Go-Lucky whist club which was held at Eldridge's hall, Thursday evening. The gifts were won by Herschel Boynton and C. D. Lander. Refreshments of punch and fancy cakes were served.

Blaine Atwood hauled 392 feet of white birch and poplar Friday, Feb. 12, to the Huse Spool & Bobbin mill a distance of 2 1/4 miles. This is the record load for two horses as far as known.

L. L. Mitchell has purchased the Larabee block at the corner of Main and Depot street and it is understood he will occupy part of the same for a drug store after he has remodelled it for that purpose.

Representative S. J. Wyman has introduced three important resolves which, if passed, will be of great benefit to this section of the State. They are resolves: Appropriating \$1,500 for each of the next two years for permanent improvement on the highway in Jerusalem and Crocker townships between the Kingfield town line and Bigelow; Appropriating \$1,000 for each of the years 1915 and 1916 to maintain the State forest nurseries and to encourage the reforestation of the waste lands of Maine; Appropriating \$10,000 to build a bridge across the Carrabasset river in Kingfield provided the town of Kingfield shall appropriate \$5,000 for the same purpose.

A very interesting and instructive lecture on the planet Mars and its inhabitants, was given by the pastor at Grace Universalist church Sunday evening to a good-sized audience.

Sunday evening, February 14, a Union Temperance meeting under the auspices of the W. C. T. U. will be given at the Evangelical church. Rev. G. H. Taylor will give the address and other local pastors will assist in the exercises.

The High school pupils who will take part in the preliminary prize speaking contest which will be held sometime the first of March are

Humors Come to the Surface in the spring as in no other season. They don't run themselves all off that way, however, but mostly remain in the system. Hood's Sarsaparilla removes them, wards off danger, makes good health sure.

Thelma French, Sadie Hutchins, Julia Weymouth, Mabel Gatchell, Esther Savage, Sylvia Woodcock, Emma Dolbier, Carlton Wood, Philip Porter, Dana Tufts, Cecil Thompson.

The gentlemen of Signal Light Chapter O. E. S. entertained Tuesday evening. The entertainment committee were Will Stanley and Phil Huse. There were games and a short program and a supper of sandwiches, coffee, cake, ice cream and fruit.

The Senior class of Anson Academy presented a three act drama, "Country Folks," at French's hall, February 13, with the following cast of characters: Josiah Dean, an old farmer, J. Wilfred Bareau; Martha Dean his wife, Lina Mitchell; Nathaniel Dean, Polly Dean, their children, Roy Gilford, Christabel E. Ellis; Lorna Lane, a seamstress, Edna Kelly; Peter Patch, a chore boy, Joseph Smith; Ozias Schuyler, postmaster, Albert Rogers; Prudence Schuyler, his daughter, Emily O. Savage; Haratio Finch, lawyer, Carl W. Bothwick; Alvina Berry, widow, Hester M. Pullen, Jake Diener, German, Norman S. Crosby.

The Kitchen Cabinet

Among men who have any sound and sterling qualities there is nothing so contagious as pure openness of heart.—Nicholas Nickleby.

SOUR MILK RECIPES FOR THE THRIFTY HOUSEWIFE.

There is not only an economy in using sour milk, there is also a distinctly different flavor as well as more moisture in the food, and it does not dry out so rapidly.



The amount of soda to be used with sour milk depends largely upon its acidity, and in consequence the results are not always good. Too much soda spoils the appearance, and not enough will make the food heavy. See that soda is well dissolved before it is added to any food. A level teaspoonful of soda to a cupful of fairly sour milk will be found to be sufficient.

Cottage cheese is one of the delicious products of sour milk where one is fortunate enough to have a sufficient quantity of milk to prepare it. Heat milk until the curd forms, remove from the heat and drain before it becomes tough. Mix cream, salt and butter with the curd and the cottage cheese is ready to serve.

Sour Cream Filling for Cake.—Boil a half cupful of sour cream and sugar together for five minutes, add the yolks of two eggs, beaten well, a half cupful of chopped nuts and three-fourths of a teaspoonful of vanilla. Put in a double boiler and cook until thick and smooth. Cool and beat until thick enough to spread.

Sour Cream Pie.—Beat the yolks of four eggs until light and creamy, add a cupful of sugar and a cupful of chopped raisins and a cupful of sour cream, with a fourth of a teaspoonful of cloves. Place in a double boiler and cook together until smooth and thick. Line a pie plate with a rich crust and bake in the oven as for lemon pie. Fill this crust with the mixture and cover with a meringue made from the whites of the eggs mixed with four tablespoonfuls of powdered sugar.

Sour Milk Biscuit.—Sift together a quart of flour, two teaspoonfuls of baking powder, one teaspoonful of salt and one of soda, or the soda may be dissolved in two tablespoonfuls of water and added to two cupfuls of sour milk. Sift the dry ingredients and add a tablespoonful of lard, then add the milk. Mix soft and bake in a quick oven.

Nellie Maxwell.

DON'T KNOW THEY HAVE APPENDICITIS.

Many Phillips people have chronic appendicitis (which is not very painful) and think it is just bowel or stomach trouble. Some have doctored for years for gas on the stomach, sour stomach or constipation and E. H. Whitney states if they will try simple buckthorn bark, glycerine, etc., as compounded in Adler-Lika, the German appendicitis remedy, they will be surprised at the QUICK benefit. A SINGLE DOSE stops these troubles INSTANTLY.

DAIRY THE DAIRY

PERSONAL FACTOR IN DAIRY

Product From One Dairyman Who Neglects His Utensils Will Spoil Output of Hundred Good Ones.

(By MILLER PURVIS.)

If dairymen could be taught to think of the personal factor in the dairy business, the quality of the dairy products of this country would improve at once. The quality of the products of any given creamery or butter factory depends on the quality of the poorest cream or milk that is received at that factory to a considerable extent.

If among the patrons there is one who neglects to keep his milk things clean, who fails to properly clean his hand separator, who allows his milk to absorb foul odors, the product of that farm will affect the products of all the well managed farms that sell to the same factory.

One unclean dairy will spoil the product of a hundred good ones. It would seem that a law compelling unclean dairymen to improve their methods is the only solution.

I visited a creamery in Illinois where a method had been adopted



Champion English Shorthorn Cow.

which seemed to work effectively. There were three creameries in the same town. The one I visited I went to see because it had the reputation of being the most particular one in the state of Illinois. The owner absolutely declined to accept a can of milk which was not in perfect condition.

When the milk was delivered the butter maker was the sole judge as to its condition. I watched him take in milk all one morning. As a can was unloaded he lifted the lid, smelled of the contents and if he had any doubt about the quality he set it aside and it was sent back to the farm.

I asked the owner if he did not lose customers occasionally and he answered that he did. He said that not infrequently one of his customers became offended and took his milk to one of the other creameries and he was glad to have him do so.

The butter from the milk he took in was sold to a single Chicago firm and the receipts were divided among the patrons of the creamery, on a co-operative basis.

This method of selection put every patron on his guard. He knew that the day he took in bad flavored milk he was going to be cut out. Two or three of the patrons whose milk was rejected the day I watched the delivery took the rejection in good part, saying they would find out where the trouble lay. One or two grumbled a little and took their milk back, but not one gave any indication that he would not be back the next day.

This putting the quality of the milk on a financial basis and refusing to accept it unless it was beyond suspicion was not highly ethical, but it seemed to accomplish its purpose. The patrons were protected against uncleanly methods and paid for taking pains to furnish perfect milk. The butter from this factory has made a place for itself and the careless or incompetent dairyman has been put in the place in which he belongs.

If You Are Nervous and are losing weight, we recommend that you take

Rexall Olive Oil Emulsion

containing Hypophosphites for a short time. A prescription which we gladly endorse.

R. H. Preble, Phillips. Marr's Drug Store, Farmington.

Child's Life Saved BY DR. TRUE'S ELIXIR.

We have just received a letter from a charming mother of six children wherein she says: "When I was living up in the mountains of New Hampshire my baby was very sick and a friend of mine wanted me to use Dr. True's Worm Elixir, and now I have six children and have never been without it (Dr. True's Elixir) in my house more than a few weeks at a time, and I bought a bottle last week."

MRS. B. N. GILE, R. F. D., Box 15, West Newbury, Mass."

That is the way lots of children seem fearfully ill and their case is almost hopeless when the trouble is worms. Dr. True's Elixir will gently expel the worms and build up the system, restoring the child to normal health. All dealers—35c, 50c and \$1. Medical advice free. Write

AUBURN, MAINE Dr. True

IMPROVISED STILL DID WORK

Inventive Coolie Helped Medical Missionary Out of an Exceedingly Tight Place.

In a life-and-death battle with a cholera epidemic in Hunan province, China, in which an American medical missionary was the leading figure, one of the most serious difficulties was met successfully by one of the menial hospital coolies, according to a writer in the World's Work. Since every patient had to have from one pint to several quarts of distilled water with salt in it, the water could not be distilled fast enough. For two days the staff struggled along with makeshifts while thinking up a plan to build a still for little money without the loss of time. This coolie solved the problem. In one day and at a cost of less than two dollars he built a still which later produced 20 gallons of distilled water every 24 hours.

The still was simplicity itself. For cooking food the Chinese use large flat saucerlike pans, made of iron. With one of these above and another below, the coolie made a drum of galvanized iron with a hole in the side for a trough. Into the lower pan hot water for boiling was poured. Underneath a hot fire sent up a constant steam vapor. The upper kettle was kept cool by frequent changings of cold water. The vapor from the lower kettle, condensed on the lower surface of the cool upper kettle, dripped off into the trough, and filled bottle after bottle with distilled water.

PROBATE NOTICES.

At a Probate Court held at Farmington, in and for the County of Franklin, on the third Tuesday of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and fifteen.

The following matters having been presented for the action thereupon hereinafter indicated, it is hereby ORDERED:

That notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Maine Woods, a newspaper published at Phillips, in said County, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at said Farmington, on the third Tuesday of February, A. D. 1915, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and be heard thereon if they see cause.

Abram Ross, late of Rangeley, deceased, second account of administration, presented by H. A. Furbish, administrator.

Abraham Ross, late of Rangeley, deceased, petition for distribution, presented by H. A. Furbish, administrator.

Jane C. Hinds, late of Kingfield, deceased, second and final account of administration, presented by L. A. Norton, administrator.

Harley Smart, of Phillips, ward, second account of guardianship, presented by Charles C. Smith, guardian.

James P. Dudley, late of Eustis, deceased, second account of administration, presented by H. H. Landers, administrator.

James P. Dudley late of Eustis, deceased, petition for distribution, presented by H. H. Landers, administrator.

George W. Hewey, late of Phillips, deceased, petition for administration, presented by Gertrude M. Hewey.

Theron B. Hunter, late of Strong, deceased, petition for administration, presented by Carrie W. Hunter.

Gustavus Hunter, late of Strong, deceased, final account presented by Leland E. Peary, administrator.

Jeremiah Morrow, late of Kingfield, deceased, petition for probate of will, presented by Llewellyn Morrow.

J. H. Thompson, Judge of said Court.

A true copy. Attest: Daniel B. Belcher, Register.

NOTICE

The subscriber hereby gives notice that she has been duly appointed executrix of the last will and testament of William J. Burbank, late of Strong, in the County of Franklin, deceased, and given bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands against the estate of said deceased are desired to present the same for settlement, and all indebted thereto are requested to make payment immediately. Ellen M. Burbank.

January 19, 1915.

NOTICE

The subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been duly appointed Administrator of the estate of John A. Sanborn, late of Weld, in the County of Franklin, deceased, and given bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands against the estate of said deceased are desired to present the same for settlement, and all indebted thereto are requested to make payment immediately. C. G. Dunmer.

January 19, 1915.

NOTICE.

The subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been duly appointed Administrator of the estate of Nettie B. Tufts, late of Kingfield, in the County of Franklin, deceased, and given bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands against the estate of said deceased are desired to present the same for settlement, and all indebted thereto are requested to make payment immediately. Elmer F. Tufts.

January 19, 1915.

No. Franklin Marble Works

Phillips, Maine.

Monuments, Headstones, Tablets, Mantle Shelves, and Cemetery Work of all Kinds
Mrs. W. B. Hoyt, Prop.
PHILLIPS - ME.
All orders by mail or in person promptly attended to.

Phillips Hardware Co.

Headquarters for everything in the hardware line

Lumbermen's and Blacksmith's Supplies, Doors, Windows, Stores, Tinware, Plumbing Goods, Sporting Goods, Paints, Oils, Varnish, Muresco, Gasoline, Cylinder Oil, Automobile Supplies, etc.

We buy for the lowest spot cash prices and give our customers the benefit of the same.

Phillips Hardware Co.

Puffs, Mattresses, Pillows.

ALSO

Furniture of All Kinds
C. F. Chandler & Son,
Phillips, - Maine
and STRONG - MAINE.

5000 Cords

Peeled Spruce, Fir and Poplar Pulwood wanted, delivered at any station on Sandy River & Rangeley Lakes R. R. between Farmington and Rangeley and between Strong and Salem.

A. W. McLEARY, Phillips, Me.

E. C. Higgins, M. D.

Office over National Bank.

Phillips, Both 'Phones

J. BLAINE MORRISON Attorney - at - Law

Real Estate, Insurance, Fire and Life Insurance

Dr. W. J. Carter, DENTIST

Hours 8 to 12; 1 to 5. Evenings by appointment.

NOTICE

The subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been duly appointed Executor of the last will and testament of

Sarah G. Calden, late of Phillips, in the County of Franklin, deceased, and given bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands against the estate of said deceased are desired to present the same for settlement, and all indebted thereto are requested to make payment immediately. James Morrison.

January 19, 1915.

NOTICE.

The subscribers hereby give notice that they have been duly appointed Administrators of the estate of

William I. Sargent, late of Madrid, in the County of Franklin, deceased, and given bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands against the estate of said deceased are desired to present the same for settlement, and all indebted thereto are requested to make payment immediately. Howard O. Sargent. Samuel J. Sargent.

January 19, 1915.

NOTICE.

The subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been duly appointed Executor of the last will and testament of

Mary L. Phillips, late of Weld, in the County of Franklin, deceased, and given bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands against the estate of said deceased are desired to present the same for settlement, and all indebted thereto are requested to make payment immediately. Fremont Scammon.

January 19, 1915.

WITH GINGER FLAVOR

MANY APPETIZING DESSERTS AT COMMAND.

Condiment is Also Recommended for its Health-Giving Properties—Should Have More Definite Place in the Larder.

Preserved or canned ginger gives a most interesting flavor to many desserts and really deserves a more definite place in the larder. For it can be kept always on hand and therein possesses a great advantage over many other fruit flavors.

Dates freed from their pits and stuffed with slivers of preserved ginger, then rolled in granulated sugar, are a delicious sweetmeat.

Ginger Bavarian cream is a dessert with an almost elusive flavor. To make it chop half a cupful of preserved ginger into small bits and mix it with half a cupful of sirup. Then add half a package of gelatin, which has been soaked and dissolved in a cupful of water. Whip a pint of cream stiff and add it to the other ingredients. If necessary add chilli. Serve with whipped cream, garnished with bits of preserved ginger.

Chopped preserved ginger can be added to rice pudding before it is baked to give it an unusual flavor.

For a baked custard ginger sauce is delicious. Make it by simmering a cupful of sirup to which a quarter of a cupful of chopped preserved ginger has been added. Serve hot.

Ginger custard sauce is made by simmering the milk from which the custard is to be made with some chopped ginger in it for 15 minutes. Then strain and proceed with the custard sauce in the usual way.

For ginger water ice boil a quart of water and a pound and a quarter of granulated sugar together for five minutes with the rind from four lemons and one orange. Cool and add the juice of the lemons and orange, strain and freeze. Pound four ounces of preserved ginger to a paste and cut two ounces into shreds and add to the ice when it is hard. Pack for a couple of hours.

Ginger ice cream is made in this way: Pound six ounces of preserved ginger to a paste and add slowly two tablespoonfuls of lemon juice. Mix a pint of cream with half a pound of granulated sugar and add slowly to the ginger mixture. Press through a fine wire sieve and freeze.

Oriental Eggs.

The Chinese are great eaters of eggs, which they take hard boiled. These are to be had in all the roadside places for refreshment. While the Chinese have an expression, "eggs of a hundred years," it is not to be understood that their eggs are always a century old, though one may be able to procure those that are of many years' standing.

The Chinese evince a preference for the egg of the duck or of the goose. These are placed with aromatic herbs in slaked lime for a varying period, the minimum being, it is said, five or six weeks. Under the influence of time the yolk liquefies and takes on a dark green color, and the white coagulates and becomes green.

To Make Pot Pie.

This can be made with veal alone, chicken or any nice meat. It can also be made similar to the Irish stew with left-over meat and adding a little fresh meat. Meat can be used alone or with a flavoring of vegetables. Cut up small and simmer, as the Irish stew is made, then put in a deep baking dish and cover with a biscuit crust or a mashed potato crust rolled out with flour. Bake a rich brown in moderate oven. Serve in the baking dish. Veal stew, which is made by cutting a pound or two of veal into six pieces, makes a good pie.

F. E. B.

We heard a man say the other morning that the abbreviation for February—Feb.—means Freeze every body, and that man looked frozen in his ulster. It was apparent that he needed the kind of warmth that stays, the warmth that reaches from head to foot, all over the body. We could have told him from personal knowledge that Hood's Sarsaparilla gives permanent warmth; it invigorates the blood and speeds it along through artery and vein, and really fits men and women, boys and girls, to enjoy cold weather and resist the attacks of disease. It gives the right kind of warmth, stimulates and strengthens at the same time, and all its benefits are lasting. There may be a suggestion in this for you.

Hiding Holes in Wall Paper.

Not long ago a woman, who wished to hide an unsightly nail hole in her white striped wall paper, found that the hole would just accommodate a short stick of white chalk which, when put in, seemed to do very well for filler.

Vinegar will moisten plaster of paris better than water in using it to stop up a hole or crack. It is easier to manipulate, as the vinegar makes it more like putty. It does not dry out as soon as water. The mixture will not harden until you are through handling it.

Stewed Tomatoes With Onions.

A really delicious dish is prepared from about six good-sized tomatoes, one onion and a half cupful of bread crumbs. Chop the onion and mix it with the tomatoes, which have been peeled and cut into pieces, add a little salt, a little pepper and an even tablespoonful of sugar, stew gently for about twenty minutes, add the bread crumbs, re-heat and serve.

Cauliflower in Cases.

Wash, separate the flowerets and boil in salted water. When done, drain and put in a cream sauce. Scoop out the inside of some breakfast rolls, toast them to a nice brown and fill with the creamed cauliflower.

Brush Hint.

When washing or scrubbing hair brushes, if they are put to dry with the bristles downward they will last twice as long. If turned the other way the water soaks into the wood and rots the bristles.

ROAD ASSESSMENTS.

State of Maine.

Franklin, ss: Court of County Commissioners, December Term, A. D. 1914.

On the first day of the present term, being the 29th day of December, A. D. 1914, we, the subscribers, County Commissioners for said County of Franklin, having by one or more of our board in the month of September, A. D. 1914, made an annual inspection of all the county roads in the unincorporated townships and tracts of land in said County of Franklin, and having thereupon made an estimate of the amount needed to put them in repair so as to be safe and convenient for public travel, have assessed upon the following unincorporated townships and tracts of land in said County of Franklin, exclusive of water and land reserved for public use, for the repair of the county roads therein, during the year 1915, the following sums, to wit:

On the south half of No. 4, Range 3, B. K. P., the sum of \$640.00 as follows, to wit:

Owners.	No. Acres.	Val.	Tax
L. T. Hinds,	400	\$ 1,600	\$ 32.00
M. J. Stevens,	70	450	9.00
Joseph Fotter,	200	900	18.00
F. C. Burrill,	20	300	6.00
Coburn Heirs, Inc.,	2,200	7,000	140.00
E. B. Hill Heirs,	2,200	7,000	140.00
Philbrick & Butler,	4,800	14,400	288.00
O. & Allen Blanchard,	80	350	7.00

To be expended as follows, to wit, in repairing the roads leading through the same, and F. C. Burrill of No. 4, R. 3, is appointed agent to superintend the expenditure thereof.

On No. 4, Range 2, B. K. P., the sum of \$904.00, as follows, to wit:

Owners.	No. Acres.	Val.	Tax
Prouty & Miller,	2,000	\$4,000	\$ 80.00
Great Northern Paper Co.,	19,760	40,000	800.00
Garrett Schenck, part of height of land farm,	200	1,200	24.00

To be expended in repairing the roads therein, and F. C. Burrill of No. 4, Range 3, is appointed agent to superintend the expenditure thereof.

On No. 3, R. 2, B. K. P., Jerusalem Township, the sum of \$1,049.30, as follows, to wit:

Owner and Description.	No. Acres.	Val.	Tax
Sumner J. Wyman, Settler's Lot No. 10,	163	\$1,200	\$ 24.00
Sumner J. Wyman, Settler's Lot No. 11,	53	100	2.00
Sumner J. Wyman, Settler's Lot No. 13,	112	250	5.00
Sumner J. Wyman, Grant mill privilege and lot,	12	40	.80
F. J. D. Barnjum, Settler's lot No. 1,	160	800	16.00
F. J. D. Barnjum,			

Do Not Grip

We have a pleasant laxative that will do just what you want it to do.

Rexall Orderlies

We sell thousands of them and we have never seen a better remedy for the bowels. Sold only by us, 10 cents.

R. H. Preble, Phillips, Marr's Drug Store, Farmington.

SUBSCRIBE NOW FOR MAINE WOODS AND READ ALL THE LOCAL NEWS.

Settler's lot No. 2,	80	400	8.00
F. J. D. Barnjum, Settler's lot No. 3,	70	350	7.00
F. J. D. Barnjum, 1-2 Settler's lot No. 5,	41 1-2	205	4.10
F. J. D. Barnjum, 1-2 Settler's lot No. 6,	45	225	4.50
F. J. D. Barnjum, Settler's lot No. 4,	74	370	7.40
F. J. D. Barnjum, Settler's lot No. 7,	122	610	12.20
F. J. D. Barnjum, Settler's lot No. 8,	66	330	6.60
F. J. D. Barnjum, Settler's lot No. 12,	92	460	9.20
F. J. D. Barnjum, Settler's lot No. 9,	37 1-2	185	3.70

Great Northern Paper Co., 2 cottages and lots, 50 | 1.00 |

Carrabassett Timberland Co., S. E. quarter as divided by S. J. Court, 6,060 | 12,000 | 240.00 |

Carrabassett Timberland Co., N. E. quarter as divided by S. J. Court, 4,380 | 10,000 | 200.00 |

Carrabassett Timberland Co., N. W. quarter as divided by S. J. Court, 5,600 | 11,000 | 220.00 |

Walter Rogers, settler's lot, No. 15, 77 | 350 | 7.00 |

Elizabeth M. Huse, mill and land, 15 | 150 | 3.00 |

Mark Gray, house and lot, 1 | 150 | 3.00 |

P. H. Stubbs estate, hotel and lot, 300 | 6.00 |

Kingfield & Dead River R. R. Co., station, etc., 200 | 4.00 |

George Woodcock, house and lot, 250 | 5.00 |

W. C. Record, house and lot, 200 | 4.00 |

E. A. Davis, saw mill lot, 10 | .20 |

F. J. D. Barnjum, Height of Land farm, 200 | 500 | 10.00 |

Prouty & Miller, S. W. quarter as divided by S. J. Court, 4,260 | 11,000 | 220.00 |

E. S. Rogers, lot No. 14, 139 | 350 | 7.00 |

A. B. Martin, 1-2 lot 5, 41 1-2 | 205 | 4.10 |

A. B. Martin, 1-2 lot 6, 45 | 225 | 4.50 |

To be expended on the roads therein, as follows, to wit: \$449.30 on the road from Kingfield line to No. 4, R. 2 line; and \$600.00 on the road leading from former site of Grant's mill, in said No. 3, R. 2, B. K. P., to Somerset county line, and the Dead River road from said line to line of Highland Plantation, and George Woodcock of said Jerusalem township is appointed to superintend the expenditure thereof.

On Washington Plantation, so called, being a part of No. 4, the sum of \$123.70, as follows, to wit:

Owners.	No. Acres.	Val.	Tax.
W. E. Dodge,	173	\$200	\$14.00
C. F. Blanchard, Anderson land,	50	100	2.00
C. F. Blanchard, R. 1 and 2, lot 6,	40	100	2.00
C. F. Blanchard, R. 1, lot 7,	117	250	5.00
Fred Wilkins,	30	60	1.20
Arthur Chase,	15	100	2.00
North & Mosher, house and lot,	50	200	4.00
Leon Mosher,	80	200	4.00
American Enamel Co.,	169	500	10.00

C. F. Blanchard, Kelley farm, 120 | 350 | 7.00 |

C. F. Blanchard, Kelley farm, 140 | 350 | 7.00 |

Wilkins & Mosher, 150 | 450 | 9.00 |

F. T. Daisey, 25 | 50 | 1.00 |

Murray Derby, 30 | 100 | 2.00 |

John Adams, 50 | 250 | 5.00 |

Nathan Severy, 35 | 100 | 2.00 |

Daniel Pease, 35 | 50 | 1.00 |

C. F. Blanchard, Daisy land, 270 | 1,000 | 20.00 |

C. F. Blanchard, Foster land, 110 | 225 | 4.50 |

C. F. Blanchard, C. F. Blanchard, lot No. 5, 119 1-2 | 200 | 4.00 |

C. F. Blanchard, Skeetup lot, 98 1-2 | 150 | 3.00 |

C. F. Blanchard, Blanchard & Wilder, 40 | 100 | 2.00 |

John Townsend, 65 | 200 | 4.00 |

John Townsend, 30 | 50 | 1.00 |

To be expended on the roads therein and Harry N. Ferren of Weld is appointed agent to superintend the expenditure thereof.

COLDS ARE OFTEN MOST SERIOUS STOP POSSIBLE COMPLICATIONS

The disregard of a cold has often brought many a regret. The fact of sneezing, coughing, or a fever should be warning enough that your system needs immediate attention. Certainly loss of sleep is most serious. It is a warning given by Nature. It is man's duty to himself to assist by doing his part. Dr. King's New Discovery is based on a scientific analysis of colds. 50¢ a+ your Druggist. Buy a bottle today.

Dys-pep-lets

Made only by C. I. HOOD CO.

contain the digestive principle of the gastric juice. One crushed in the mouth and swallowed slowly, almost instantly relieves sour stomach, indigestion, heartburn and nausea. Sugar-coated; do not seem like medicine, but like a delicious confection. Why not try a box today? Your druggist has them at 10c., 25c. and \$1. Remember the name **Dys-pep-lets** Take no Substitute

pointed agent to superintend the expenditure thereof.

On Perkins Plantation the sum of \$186.10, as follows, to wit:

Owners.	No. Acres.	Val.	Tax
Peter Merchant,	60	\$300	\$6.00
George Welch,	60	500	10.00
American Enamel Co., Hildreth mill and land,	20	2,200	44.00

J. Kendall York, Asa Adams farm, 350 | 1,400 | 28.00 |

John O. LeGroo estate, house and lot, 5 | 250 | 5.00 |

C. F. Blanchard, Kelley land, 65 | 150 | 3.00 |

C. F. Blanchard, Hellen lot, 123 | 250 | 5.00 |

C. F. Blanchard, H. C. McKean land, 160 | 250 | 5.00 |

C. F. Blanchard, part of Hildreth land, 10 | 25 | .50 |

Ray Ellsworth, Chas. Newell farm, 125 | 850 | 17.00 |

Ray Ellsworth, 41 | 75 | 1.50 |

George Newell, old schoolhouse and lot, 4 | 10 | .20 |

C. F. Blanchard, 25 | 50 | 1.00 |

Bert Lothrop, 30 | 150 | 3.00 |

John H. Peary, 35 | 250 | 5.00 |

C. F. Blanchard, Jos. Knowles place, 20 | 75 | 4.00 |

Mrs. O. Hammond, 5 | 10 | .20 |

W. W. Wilkins estate, N. part lot 3, R. 2, 80 | 600 | 12.00 |

John F. Blanchard, lot 4, range 1, 120 | 200 | 4.00 |

Jones Brothers, 70 | 300 | 6.00 |

John F. Blanchard, lot 7, range 5, 160 | 320 | 6.40 |

Frank Holt, 20 | 100 | 2.00 |

Evans and Owen Merchant, 5 | 30 | .60 |

Maurice A. York, 203 | 500 | 10.00 |

Flora E. York, 115 | 200 | 4.00 |

John S. Harlow, 30 | 100 | 2.00 |

J. K. York, 10 | 35 | .70 |

To be expended on the main road leading from Weld to Wilton, and on the road leading to the Charles Newell farm, so-called, and Harry N. Ferren of Weld is appointed agent to superintend the expenditure thereof.

On the road leading over Dodge Hill, in said Perkins township, the sum of \$155.70, as follows, to wit:

Owners.	No. Acres.	Val.	Tax
J. S. Merchant,	230	\$1,000	\$20.00
James Merchant,	120	320	6.40
O. C. Merchant,	75	250	5.00
Charles Cushman,	160	600	12.00
William Horrick,	320	1,400	28.00
W. C. Cushman, Hatch farm,	130	300	6.00
C. F. Blanchard, Mary J. Cushman place,	160	250	5.00
C. F. Blanchard, log house lot,	86	150	3.00
C. F. Blanchard, Skeetup place,	140	280	5.60
C. F. Blanchard, Lakin Hill pasture,	380	300	6.00
C. F. Blanchard, Lakin place,	40	80	1.60
C. F. Blanchard, Gilbert Miller lot,	120	180	3.60
C. F. Blanchard, lot 4, range 6,	160	300	6.00
C. F. Blanchard, Henry Holman land,	70	100	2.00
C. F. Blanchard and Samuel McLaughlin, Crocker farm,	160	480	9.60
Gates & Harlow,	30	100	2.00

DECIDE YOURSELF

The Opportunity Is Here, Backed By Phillips Testimony.

Don't take our word for it. Don't depend on a stranger's statement.

Read Phillips endorsement. Read the statements of Phillips citizens.

And decide for yourself. Here is one case of it.

"My back pained me almost constantly for six months," says Eben Tyler, retired farmer, of Pleasant Road, Phillips. "I was lame and sore all over and it was hard for me to move. The secretions from my kidneys passed too frequently and my health was run down. Finally I read of a party in town who had been cured by Doan's Kidney Pills, so I got a box at Cragin's Drug Store, now R. H. Preble's Drug Store. The results of their use both surprised and delighted me and I am now in good health. The public statement I gave some years ago in praise of Doan's Kidney Pills still holds good."

Price 50c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Tyler had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

Henry Holman, 60 150 3.00

N. S. Stowell, lot 6, R 6, 160 400 8.00

H. L. Tobin, Holman land, 25 75 1.50

Fred Crane, homestead farm, 130 600 12.00

Berlin Mills Co., 35 150 3.00

C. F. Blanchard, school lot, 160 320 6.40

To be expended on the road over Dodge Hill, and James Merchant of said township is appointed agent to superintend the expenditure thereof.

On the west half of No. 6 township, north of Weld, and between Phillips and Byron, the sum of \$500.00, as follows, to wit:

Owners. No. Acres. Val. Tax

Description. Acres. Val. Tax

Berlin Mills Co. first four tiers of lots in south side of said west half of No. 6, 4,000 | \$16,000 | \$200.00 |

George W. Blanchard & Son Co., all of said west half except the above and public lots 10, |

IN AND ABOUT PHILLIPS

Mrs. Josephine Larrabee and Mrs. Flora Bell will be the hostesses to the King's Daughters Friday evening, February 19 at the Parish House. It being the anniversary of the death of Miss Sarah Toothaker, for many years president of the circle, the meeting will take the form of a memorial service in her memory. Friends of Miss Toothaker, not members of the circle, are invited to attend.

Mrs. Lucinda Butterfield is visiting her grandson, Harry Chandler and wife in Strong. Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Chandler and Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Noble were also Sunday guests.

DeBerna Ross, esq., has been confined to the bed for a few days past with a severe cold, but his friends hope to see him out driving again in the near future.

Daniel Miner of Northwood Ridge, N. H., is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Miner.

Mrs. A. W. McLeary attended the funeral of Mr. D. H. Knowlton in Farmington last Saturday.

Mrs. J. A. Russell of Rangeley was in town a few days last week, the guest of her sister, Mrs. Edward Greenwood, and daughter, Miss Emma Russell.

Miss Cornelia T. Crosby is able to be out again after the second attack of a severe cold.

Charles Bangs Pratt, the six-weeks old son of Mr. and Mrs. Arno Pratt died very suddenly last Sunday morning, having been ill only from Saturday. Prayers were held at the home Monday afternoon, Rev. M. S. Hutchins speaking words of consolation. The little white casket was covered with hyacinths and carnations sent by friends. The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Pratt deeply sympathize with them in the loss of this little one. The child was six weeks and one day old.

Mrs. O. H. Hersey was hostess for the 1913 Club last week and St. Valentine's day was honored by the members, responding to toasts and

the dining room being prettily decorated for this occasion. The favors were heart shaped valentines. Mrs. F. S. Haley presided very acceptably as toastmistress, and will be the hostess for this week's meeting.

C. H. McKenzie is in New York on a business trip.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Landers of Strong were in town Wednesday for the day.

The Social Service club will meet in the Parish House, Tuesday afternoon, February 23, at 2 o'clock. Anyone wishing to contribute pieces for cotton crazy patch work please bring them, as that will be the work for the afternoon.

J. Scott Brackett returned to Bowdoin Tuesday morning and with friends attended the Governor's ball.

Mrs. A. M. Greenwood, Regent of Colonial Daughters Chapter, D. A. R., of Farmington, gave a delightful "At Home," Friday afternoon, to the members in honor of Lincoln's Birthday. Patriotic colors were effectively used in the decorations, an abundance of American flags being conspicuous. The dining room decorations were specially artistic. The hostess and the ladies in charge of the dining room were in Colonial costume. Mrs. Frank Gray and Mrs. J. W. Nichols presided at the chafing dish and Mrs. Roland Withee and Mrs. Colby L. Merrill served the dainty luncheon. Mrs. Frank W. Butler read an interesting paper on Lincoln and Mrs. Florence R. Lowell sang in her usual artistic way. The afternoon proved most enjoyable.

Miss Nellie Farmer of Farmington has been the guest the past week of her cousins, Mrs. Charles Sweetser and Mrs. George Dennison.

Figures got mixed a bit in last week's accounting of cost and funds for Parish House. The money at first hired was \$400 of which \$50 has been paid, and the original cost of the church vestry \$500 instead of

\$400 as reported. The trustees of the church had \$105 before the \$500 was hired that was not mentioned in the account last week that was paid by the Federated church to the Free Baptist church for 15 months' rent in advance or up to May 1, 1915, making in all \$1189 and we owed \$936 and some interest. About \$150 was expended on the parsonage but when the Parish House was painted the total cost of the repairs and additions are over \$1200; the furnishings are all extra. Hon. Joel Wilbur has volunteered to have the bell properly hung and pay the expense. With all bills paid up to date the church only owes \$350.

AROUND THE LOCAL STORES

The newest thing in tam-o' shanters at C. H. McKenie & Co's. All colors.

Sedgeley & Co. are selling the American Lady corsets.

Try Ward's bread at George Bean's. It comes fresh every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

Have you ever used Jap-A-Lac, a varnish and stain combined. The Phillips Hardware Company sells it.

All the newest novelties in scarf pins at Cronkhite's. A splendid assortment.

C. F. Chandler & Son have nothing new in their line, but there is always something to replace in the home and this is a good place to find what you need.

R. H. Preble has a fine line of case pipes, prices ranging from \$2.50 to \$5.00.

New goods arriving daily at C. M. Hoyt's.

New hats and caps at D. F. Hoyt's.

No better place to buy a nice, clean, fresh loaf of bread than at Toothaker's.

RUBBERS

To wear over shoes for
Men and Boys

High heels, low heels, high toes, low toes, wide toes, narrow toes, and in fact, all manner of shapes. Then we carry the heavy rubbers with leather tops good for the sloppy spring weather.

New stock of Cotton Gloves, 10 and 15c grades.

Leather Gloves and Mittens.

At The Clothing Store
D. F. HOYT,

No. 5, Beal Block, Phillips, Me.

Agency for Universal Steam Laundry

Open Saturday Evenings.

4 Per Cent Interest

Rates of interest on the best grade of bonds and notes are higher than they have averaged for the past ten years. This in turn enables this bank to pay more interest to its depositors.

Beginning Dec. 1, 1914, and until further notice, 4 per cent. interest will be paid on Savings Department Accounts.

Phillips National Bank
PHILLIPS, MAINE

TRY

BEAN'S

HOME CANNED
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

ORANGES NUTS

DANDELION GREENS
BEET GREENS

PICKLED BEETS
PICKLED CUKES

CORN PEAS BEANS

Yes—Many People have told us the same story—distress after eating, gases, heartburn. A **Rexall Dyspepsia Tablet** before and after each meal will relieve you. Sold only by us—25c.

R. H. Preble, Phillips.
Marr's Drug Store, Farmington.

The Sedgeley Store

HANS' EXPERIENCE

Hans Garbus, a farmer in Iowa, in writing to an agricultural journal expresses himself in part as follows:

"We farmers need awakening to the fact that we have unmistakably reached the period where we must think and plan. I am one of the slow German farmers that had to be shown, and I am now giving my experience that others may profit, for knowledge is more expensive now than ten years ago.

"Twenty-nine years ago I began my farm career. I had an old team and \$50. Our furniture was mostly home-made—chairs, cupboard and lounge made from dry goods boxes, neatly covered with ten cent cretonne by my girl wife. We rented eighty acres. Being a boy of good habits I got all needed machinery and groceries of our home merchants on credit, until fall crops were sold. The first year was a wet season and I did not make enough to pay creditors. I went to each on date of promise and explained conditions, paying as much as possible, and they all carried the balance over another year. They continued to accommodate me until I was able to buy a forty-acre piece of my own.

"As soon as I owned these few acres the mail order houses began sending me catalogues, and gradually I began sending my loose change to them, letting my accounts stand in my home town where I had gotten my accommodation when I needed it.

"We then had one of the thriftiest little villages in the state—good line of business in all the branches, merchants who were willing to help an honest fellow over a bad year, and a town full of people who came twice a week to trade and visit. Our little country town supported a library, high school, band, ball team, and we had big celebrations every year.

"A farm near a live town soon doubles in value. I sold my forty acres at a big advance and bought an eighty, gradually adding to it until I had 200 acres of the best land in Iowa. I then felt no need of asking favors, and found it easy to patronize the mail order agents that came almost weekly to our door. I regret to say that I was the first in the county to make up a neighborhood bill and send it to a mail order house. Though we got bit every once in a while, we got in the habit of sending away for stuff.

"Gradually our merchants lessened their stock of goods—for lack of patronage. Finally we began to realize that when we needed a bolt quickly for machinery, or clothing for sickness or death, we had to wait and send away for it, which wasn't so pleasant. One by one our merchants moved to places where they were appreciated, and men of less energy moved in. Gradually our town has gone down; our business houses are "tacky" in appearance, a number are empty, our schools, churches and walks are going down, we have no band, no library nor ball team. There is no business done in the town, and therefore no taxes to keep things up. Hotel is closed for lack of travel. Go down to the depot when the freight pulls in and you will see the sequel in mail order packages.

"Nine years ago my farm was worth \$195 an acre; today I'd have a hard matter to sell it at \$167 an acre. It is 'too far from a live town'—so every farmer says who wants to buy. He wants a place near schools and churches, where his children can have advantages. I have awakened to the fact that in helping to pull the town down, it has cost me \$5,600 in nine years."

Always Something New

And now, more than
ever before

New Dress Goods, Gingham, Percales, Prints, Linens, White Goods, Galatea, Endurance Cloth, Towels, Crashes, Silkoline, Cretonne, Laces, Hamburgs, Corsets, Muslin Underwear, Wash Silks, Trimming Silks,

And More To Come

Butterick Patterns in Stock

C. M. HOYT,

No. 2, Beal Block, Phillips, Me. Farmers' Tel.

A Great Line

Breakfast Foods, Teas, Coffees, Cocos
TOOTHAKER'S CASH STORE

Wanted

PEELED SPRUCE AND FIR Pulpwood delivered at any point on line of Sandy River and Rangeley Lakes Railroad.

HALEY & FIELD
Phillips, Maine

High Grade

Watch Repairing

WE DO A LOT
BECAUSE
WE DO IT WELL

A. G. CRONKHITE,
PHILLIPS, ME.